# LOS OSOS COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016



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April 6, 2017

Moss, Levy & Hartzheim LLP 2400 Professional Parkway #205 Santa Maria, CA 93455

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit(s) of the financial statements of Los Osos Community Services District (Los Osos CSD), which comprise the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of June 30,2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016 then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, for the purpose of expressing opinions as to whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement. An omission or misstatement that is monetarily small in amount could be considered material as a result of qualitative factors.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, as of January 31, 2017, the following representations made to you during your audit.

### **Financial Statements**

- 1) We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement letter dated August 3, 2016, including our responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP and for preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with the applicable criteria.
- 2) The financial statements referred to above are fairly presented in conformity with U.S. GAAP and include all properly classified funds and other financial information of the primary government and all component units required by generally accepted accounting principles to be included in the financial reporting entity.
- 3) We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 4) We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.
- 5) Significant assumptions we used in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- 6) Related party relationships and transactions, including revenues, expenditures/expenses, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements, and guarantees, and amounts receivable from or payable to related parties have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

- 7) Adjustments or disclosures have been made for all events, including instances of noncompliance, subsequent to the date of the financial statements that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements [or in the schedule of findings and questioned costs].
- 8) The effects of uncorrected misstatements are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements as a whole for each opinion unit. A list of the uncorrected misstatements is attached to the representation letter.
- 9) The effects of all known actual or possible litigation, claims, and assessments have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- 10) Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the District is contingently liable, if any, have been properly recorded or disclosed.

#### Information Provided

- 11) We have provided you with:
  - a) Access to all information, of which we are aware, that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, such as records, documentation, and other matters [and all audit or relevant monitoring reports, if any, received from funding sources].
  - b) Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit.
  - c) Unrestricted access to persons within the District from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
  - d) Minutes of the meetings of Los Osos CSD or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared.
- 12) All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements [and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards].
- 13) We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 14) We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud that affects the District and involves:
  - Management,
  - Employees who have significant roles in internal control, or
  - Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 15) We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the District's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, regulators, or others.
- 16) We have no knowledge of instances of noncompliance or suspected noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, or grant agreements, or abuse, whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements.
- 17) We have disclosed to you all known actual or possible litigation, claims, and assessments whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.
- 18) We have disclosed to you the identity of the District's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware.

#### Government-specific

- 19) There have been no communications from regulatory agencies concerning noncompliance with, or deficiencies in, financial reporting practices.
- 20) We have taken timely and appropriate steps to remedy fraud, noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, or abuse that you have reported to us. We have a process to track the status of audit findings and recommendations.
- 21) We have identified to you any previous audits, attestation engagements, and other studies related to the audit objectives and whether related recommendations have been implemented.
- 22) We have provided our views on reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations, as well as our planned corrective actions, for the report.

- 23) The District has no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets, liabilities, or equity.
- 24) We are responsible for compliance with the laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements applicable to us, including tax or debt limits and debt contracts; and legal and contractual provisions for reporting specific activities in separate funds.
- 25) We have identified and disclosed to you all instances, which have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of fraud and noncompliance with provisions of laws and regulations that we believe have a material effect on the financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives, and any other instances that warrant the attention of those charged with governance.
- 26) We have identified and disclosed to you all instances, which have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of noncompliance with provisions of contracts and grant agreements that we believe have a material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts or other financial data significant to the audit objectives.
- 27) We have identified and disclosed to you all instances that have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of abuse that could be quantitatively or qualitatively material to the financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives.
- 28) There are no violations or possible violations of budget ordinances, laws and regulations (including those pertaining to adopting, approving, and amending budgets), provisions of contracts and grant agreements, tax or debt limits, and any related debt covenants whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements, or as a basis for recording a loss contingency, or for reporting on noncompliance.
- 29) As part of your audit, you assisted with preparation of the financial statements and related notes [and schedule of expenditures of federal awards]. We acknowledge our responsibility as it relates to those nonaudit services, including that we assume all management responsibilities; oversee the services by designating an individual, preferably within senior management, who possesses suitable skill, knowledge, or experience; evaluate the adequacy and results of the services performed; and accept responsibility for the results of the services. We have reviewed, approved, and accepted responsibility for those financial statements and related notes [and schedule of expenditures of federal awards].
- 30) The District has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset been pledged as collateral.
- 31) The District has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.
- 32) The financial statements include all component units as well as joint ventures with an equity interest, and properly disclose all other joint ventures and other related organizations.
- 33) The financial statements properly classify all funds and activities, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34.
- 34) All funds that meet the quantitative criteria in GASBS Nos. 34 and 37 for presentation as major are identified and presented as such and all other funds that are presented as major are particularly important to financial statement users.
- 35) Components of net position (net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted), and components of fund balance (nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned) are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- 36) Investments, derivative instruments, and land and other real estate held by endowments are properly valued.
- 37) Provisions for uncollectible receivables have been properly identified and recorded.
- 38) Expenses have been appropriately classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of activities, and allocations have been made on a reasonable basis.
- 39) Revenues are appropriately classified in the statement of activities within program revenues, general revenues, contributions to term or permanent endowments, or contributions to permanent fund principal.
- 40) Interfund, internal, and intra-entity activity and balances have been appropriately classified and reported.
- 41) Deposits and investment securities and derivative instruments are properly classified as to risk and are properly disclosed.
- 42) Capital assets, including infrastructure and intangible assets, are properly capitalized, reported, and, if applicable, depreciated.

- 43) We have appropriately disclosed the District's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available and have determined that net position is properly recognized under the policy.
- 44) We are following our established accounting policy regarding which resources (that is, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned) are considered to be spent first for expenditures for which more than one resource classification is available. That policy determines the fund balance classifications for financial reporting purposes.
- 45) We acknowledge our responsibility for the required supplementary information (RSI). The RSI is measured and presented within prescribed guidelines and the methods of measurement and presentation have not changed from those used in the prior period. We have disclosed to you any significant assumptions and interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the RSI.
- 46) With respect to the [Identify supplementary information on which an in-relation-to opinion is issued.]
  - a) We acknowledge our responsibility for presenting the [Identify supplementary information.] in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and we believe the supplementary information, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information have not changed from those used in the prior period, and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the supplementary information.
  - b) If the supplementary information is not presented with the audited financial statements, we will make the audited financial statements readily available to the intended users of the supplementary information no later than the date we issue the supplementary information and the auditor's report thereon.

Signature

Date:

Renee Osborne General Manager, Los Osos CSD Signature:

Jon Erik Storm

President, Los Osos CSD

### LOS OSOS COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors of Los Osos Community Services District Los Osos, California

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Los Osos Community Services District (District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining information of the Los Osos Community Services District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10, the budgetary comparison information on pages 45 and 46, the schedule of funding progress for postemployment benefits on page 47, the schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability on pages 48, and the schedule of pension contributions on pages 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries of the basis financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Los Osos Community Services District's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor funds financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor funds financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor funds financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in realtion to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 1, 2017, on our consideration of the Los Osos Community Services District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Maria, California February 1, 2017

Moss, Leny & Haugheim LLP

### LOS OSOS COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

#### BACKGROUND

The Los Osos Community Services District (the District), a political subdivision of the State of California, was formed on January 1, 1999, pursuant to Ballot Measure K-98 to provide services previously provided by the County of San Luis Obispo (County) in specific benefit zones of what was formerly County Service Area 9. The District operates pursuant to Section 61000 of the California Government Code, currently authorized to provide Fire Protection, Water, Street Lighting, Wastewater, Drainage, and Parks and Recreation Services. The District operates two community septic collection systems pursuant to the wastewater function. The Parks and Recreation function is currently inactive and the only activity is holding in trust and investing funds representing assessments levied for a community pool several years ago. Discussions on activating this function are on-going and pursuance of this goal will be addressed in the future. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Directors with an operations staff headed by a general manager.

As management of the Los Osos Community Services District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016.

We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we furnish in our letter of transmittal and the District's financial statement.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The basic financial statements include four components. 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the basic financial statements, and 4) required supplementary information. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned and unused employee vacation balances).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the District include fire protection, parks and recreation,

drainage, general government and street lighting. The business-type activities of the District include water and wastewater services.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are in two categories, namely, governmental and proprietary.

In a few instances where trust accounts are held, trust liability accounts are used in the related fund instead of being held in a separate fiduciary category of funds. The wastewater assessment district fund is treated as a fiduciary category fund for the accounting of the on-going wastewater assessments.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. For the purposes of government funds there are currently no long-term debt obligations.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds organized according to their type: general and special revenue. The District does not currently have debt service and capital projects types in the governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds' balance sheet and in the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Fire Fund with all other funds presented into an aggregate column. Due to their small size relative to the fire and water funds, individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds (Bayridge, Vista de Oro, Drainage, Parks and Recreation) is provided in the form of combining statements found in the other supplementary information section of this report.

A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and the Fire Fund to demonstrate compliance with budgetary laws of the State of California and policies and ordinances approved by the District's Board of Directors. This statement is shown under the required supplementary section of the report. Individual budgetary data for each of the non-major governmental funds (Bayridge, Vista de Oro, Drainage, Parks and Recreation) is not presented.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

There are two types of funds classified as proprietary, namely, enterprise and internal service funds. The District only maintains the enterprise type of proprietary funds. The District uses three enterprise funds to account for its water and wastewater activities. These three enterprise funds are presented in individual columns in the fund financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Wastewater and the Solid Waste Funds

operations were eliminated upon the completion of the implementation the Second Amended Plan for Adjustment of Debts for the Los Osos Community Services District as further amended by non-material modifications as ordered by the Bankruptcy Court effective October 15, 2013. The activity in Solid Waste Fund was transferred to the County of San Luis Obispo effective December 31, 2013. Effective June 30, 2014, the District transferred the remaining activity of the Wastewater Fund to a Wastewater Fiduciary Fund for the reporting of the remainder of the bond payments being collected through the San Luis Obispo County Tax Rolls.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

### Required Supplementary Information

The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information (RSI) that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Comparison of Budget to Actual for major governmental funds is shown under this section.

### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information presents data that, although not required, is necessary to provide the reader of the basic financial statements more details to promote understanding of the statements as a whole. The combining statements for the non-major governmental funds are presented here.

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### TABLE A Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	<u> </u>	June 30, 2016				June 30, 2015	Total Chai	nge	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Govern Activit		Business-Type Activities		Amount Change	Percent Change
Assets:									
Current assets	\$ 2,597,989	\$ 2,216,881	\$4,814,870	\$ 2,	497,867	\$ 2,370,727	\$4,868,594	\$ (53,724)	-1.1%
Capital assets	710,550	5,797,500	6,508,050		755,934	5,856,905	6,612,839	(104,789)	-1.6%
Total Assets	3,308,539	8,014,381	11,322,920	3,2	253,801	8,227,632	11,481,433	(158,513)	-1.4%
Deferred Outflow of Resources:									
Deferred pensions	59,099	79,396	138,495		51,461	66,886	118,347	20,148	17.0%
Total deferred outflow of resources	59,099	79,396	138,495		51,461	66,886	118,347	20,148	17.0%
Liabilities:									
Current Liabilities	81,730	108,580	190,310		42,372	196,217	238,589	(48,279)	-20.2%
Long-Term Liabilities	361,024	4,543,079	4,904,103		304,010	4,691,994	4,996,004	(91,901)	-1.8%
Total Liabilities	442,754	4,651,659	5,094,413		346,382	4,888,211	5,234,593	(140,180)	-2.7%
Deferred Inflow of Resources:									
Deferred pensions	51,931	80,014	131,945		122,166	95,528	217,694	(85,749)	-39.4%
Total deferred inflow of resources	51,931	80,014	131,945		122,166	95,528	217,694	(85,749)	-39.4%
Net Position: Net investment in									
capital assets	710,550	1,974,265	2,684,815	7	755,934	1,886,665	2,642,599	42,216	1.6%
Restricted	2,522,571	-	2,522,571	2,2	290,228	-	2,290,228	232,343	10.1%
Unrestricted	(360,168)	1,387,839	1,027,671	(2	209,448)	1,424,114	1,214,666	(186,995)	-15.4%
Total Net Position	\$ 2,872,953	\$ 3,362,104	\$ 6,235,057	\$ 2,8	836,714	\$ 3,310,779	\$ 6,147,493	\$ 87,564	1.4%

### TABLE B Statement of Activities June 30, 2016

	<b>Desire</b>	June 30, 2016			Total Change		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Amount Change
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 138,036	\$ 1,738,257	\$ 1,876,293	\$ 137,907	\$ 1,752,182	\$ 1,890,089	\$ (13,796)
Operating Grants and Contributions	18,570	1,527	20,097	26,801	1,512	28,313	(8,216)
Capital Contributions and Grants	-	-	-	-	588,747	588,747	(588,747)
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	1,882,664	213,371	2,096,035	1,709,860	200,087	1,909,947	186,088
Other Taxes	609,570	25,000	634,570	653,863	21,000	674,863	(40,293)
Interest and Investment Income	4,407	3,322	7,729	5,352	2,663	8,015	(286)
Other Revenues	120,486	56,058	176,544	66	19,676	19,742	156,802
Total Revenues	2,773,733	2,037,535	4,811,268	2,533,849	2,585,867	5,119,716	(308,448)
Expenses:							
General Government	659,604	-	659,604	506,553	-	506,553	153,051
Public Safety	2,284,999	12	2,284,999	2,061,107	-	2,061,107	223,892
Health and Sanitation	380,694	-	380,694	125,099		125,099	255,595
Street Lighting	9,128	•	9,128	7,676		7,676	1,452
Water		1,584,485	1,584,485	-	1,744,860	1,744,860	(160,375)
Wastewater Treatment	-	17,596	17,596	¥	7,296	7,296	10,300
Total Expenses	3,334,425	1,602,081	4,936,506	2,700,435	1,752,156	4,452,591	483,915
Net Transfers	577,701	(577,701)	-	615,344	(615,344)		
Change in Net Position	17,009	(142,247)	(125,238)	448,758	218,367	667,125	(792,363)
Net position, beginning	2,836,714	3,310,779	6,147,493	3,525,655	3,556,304	7,081,959	(934,466)
Prior Period Adjustments	19,230	193,572	212,802	(1,137,699)	(463,892)	(1,601,591)	1,814,393
Net Position, ending	\$ 2,872,953	\$ 3,362,104	\$ 6,235,057	\$ 2,836,714	\$ 3,310,779	\$ 6,147,493	\$ 87,564

### Analysis of Overall Financial Position and Results of Operations

Statement of Net Position

At the end of fiscal year June 30, 2016, the district is able to report positive balances in both the District as a whole as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The total assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at June 30, 2016 by \$6,235,057.

The District's net position reflects its investments in capital assets, less any related debt that is still outstanding used to acquire that debt. Although the District's investment in its Capital Assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other resources. This debt must be provided from other sources since the Capital Assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the liabilities.

The District should be able to maintain a positive trend with the implementation of timely financial reporting, extensive mid-year reviews and adjustments, and continual monitoring of all funds activities. Completing these processes will help ensure that the District has no going concern problems.

#### Statement of Activities

Overall, the results of operations as shown in the Statement of Activities has an increase in Net Position of \$87,564. Total revenues decreased over the prior year by 6% or \$308,448 of which \$588,747 is attributed to the Proposition 84 grant for the nitrate removal project. Property taxes increased by \$186,088. This continuing increase in property tax revenue received is in agreement with the trend in the rest of the County.

Overall expenses in Governmental Activities increased by \$633,990. Total expenses in Business-Type Activities decreased by \$150,075.

Investment Income was down a modest amount of \$286. The Board of Director's is considering direction to management for modifications to its current investment policy, allowing the General Manager to invest in appropriate areas commensurate with the cash flow and revenue needs of the District.

TABLE C Capital Assets June 30, 2016

			Ju	une 30, 2016			June 30, 2015							tal Change
		vernmental ivities		Business-Type 1 Activities (		Total Primary Government		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		tal Primary vernment	Amo	unt Change
Land and Land Rights	\$	57,375	\$	498,429	\$	555,804	\$	57,375	\$	498,429	\$	555,804	\$	
Construction in Progress				35,713		35,713				624,179		624,179		(588,466)
Buildings, Structures, and Improvements		559,936		5,000		564,936		515,116		5,000		520,116		44,820
Infrastructure		233,431		9,354,003		9,587,434		237,756		8,578,174		8,815,930		771,504
Equipment and Systems		1,466,215		473,177		1,939,392		1,466,215		504,324		1,970,539		(31,147)
T. 10		2 246 057		40.266.222		12 600 270		2 226 462		40.040.404				
Total Cost	_	2,316,957		10,366,322		12,683,279		2,276,462	-	10,210,106		12,486,568		196,711
Less Accumulated Depreciation	-	(1,606,407)		(4,568,822)		(6,175,229)		(1,520,528)		(4,353,201)	_	(5,873,729)	iti	(301,500)
Net Position, ending	\$	710,550	\$	5,797,500	\$	6,508,050	\$	755,934	\$	5,856,905	\$	6,612,839	\$	(104,789)

### TABLE D Long-Term Debt June 30, 2016

	 	ine 30, 2016		June 30, 2015							tal Change		
	ernmental vities		Business-Type T Activities G		Total Primary Government		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		tal Primary vernment	Amo	ount Change
Compensated Absences	\$ 16,316	\$	63,566	\$	79,882	\$	18,297	\$	56,013	\$	74,310	\$	5,572
Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation	8,669		37,936		46,605		6,158		26,952		33,110		13,495
Note Payable - CIEDB loan	-		3,823,235		3,823,235		•		3,970,240		3,970,240		(147,005)
Net Pension Liability	336,039		346,008		682,047		279,555		341,455		621,010		61,037
Loan Payable to Fiduciary Fund	·-		272,334		272,334				297,334		297,334		(25,000)
Total	\$ 361,024	\$	4,543,079	\$	4,904,103	\$	304,010	\$	4,691,994	\$	4,996,004	\$	(91,901)

Long-term debt totals \$4,904,103. The decrease of \$91,901 represents principal payments as shown in amortization tables, as well the increase of \$61,037 for Net Pension Liability.

### Significant Events or Disclosures

The sewer project under the independent management of the County is progressing with the majority of construction activity recently completed throughout the community. In November 2011, the District approved the transfer to the County of land parcels and easements as requested and as identified for use for the County's successor sewer project as per Assembly Bill 2701. The transfer involved no remuneration. The project was completed in the spring of 2016 but the connections are still ongoing.

The District contracted for the preparation of an extensive Financial Plan and Water Rate Study, which was adopted by the Board in February 2015. The Plan evaluated the various revenue requirements of the District including significant capital improvements and dealing with reduced water consumption. The Rate Plan detailed the need for the District to increase water rates significantly over the next four years to cover the cost of compliance with the Los Osos Groundwater Basin Stipulated Judgment and its resulting Groundwater Basin Management Plan. The first of four annual water rate increases took effect July 1, 2015. The Plan is available for download on the District's website at <a href="https://www.losososcsd.org/rates-and-fees">www.losososcsd.org/rates-and-fees</a>.

Much more information about the District, its financial condition, policies, governance and management is available on the District website at <a href="https://www.losososcsd.org">www.losososcsd.org</a>.

Sincerely,

Renee Osborne General Manager

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS						-
Cash and investments	\$	2,166,502	\$	1,782,372	\$	3,948,874
Accounts receivable, net		73,625		365,878		439,503
Deposits				10,000		10,000
Inventory				57,731		57,731
Other assets				900		900
Restricted assets-						
Cash and investments		357,862				357,862
Capital assets:						
Non Depreciable:	87					
Land		57,375		498,429		555,804
Construction in progress				35,713		35,713
Depreciable:						
Buildings, structures, and improvements		559,936		5,000		564,936
Infrastructure		233,431		9,354,003		9,587,434
Plant and equipment		1,466,215		473,177		1,939,392
Accumulated depreciation		(1,606,407)	2	(4,568,822)		(6,175,229)
Total assets		3,308,539		8,014,381		11,322,920
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Deferred pensions		59,099		79,396		138,495
Total deferred outflow or resources		59,099		79,396		138,495
LIABILITIES		07.445		04.004		00.400
Accounts payable		67,145		31,264		98,409
Accrued liabilities		14,225		25,579		39,804
Accrued interest payable		000		48,587		48,587
Deposits		360		3,150		3,510
Noncurrent liabilities:		40.007		100.004		004.040
Due within one year		12,237		192,381		204,618
Due in more than one year		348,787		4,350,698		4,699,485
Total liabilities		442,754	-	4,651,659	-	5,094,413
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Deferred pensions		51,931		80,014		131,945
Total deferred inflow or resources	-	51,931		80,014		131,945
Total doloned illinoir of fooduless	-		-		•	10.10.10
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		710,550		1,974,265		2,684,815
Restricted for:						.5 .5
Fire and emergency services		1,901,425				1,901,425
Capital outlay		305,838				305,838
Bayridge functions		1,175				1,175
Drainage services		314,133				314,133
Unrestricted		(360,168)		1,387,839		1,027,671
Total net position	\$	2,872,953	\$	3,362,104	\$	6,235,057
F						

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 Charges for Expenses Services				m Revenues perating tributions d Grants
Governmental activities:					
General government Public safety Health and sanitation Street lighting	\$ 659,604 2,284,999 380,694 9,128	\$	- 68,514 60,394 9,128	\$	18,570
Total governmental activities	3,334,425	-	138,036		18,570
Business-type activities:					
Water Wastewater treatment project	 1,584,485 17,596	<b>V</b>	1,738,257		1,527
Total business-type activities	 1,602,081		1,738,257		1,527
Total governmental	\$ 4,936,506	\$	1,876,293	\$	20,097

### General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property

Special

Other

Investment income

Other general revenues

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of fiscal year

Prior period adjustments

Net position - beginning of fiscal year, restated

Net position - end of fiscal year

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position											
					Total						
¢	(650 604)	¢		¢	(650,604)						
Ψ		Φ	-	φ	(659,604) (2,197,915)						
					(320,300)						
	(320,300)				(320,300)						
	(3,177,819)	1.			(3,177,819)						
			155 299		155,299						
					(17,596)						
		•	(11/000)	9	(11,000)						
			137,703		137,703						
	(3,177,819)	· Newscare of	137,703	7 <b>-</b>	(3,040,116)						
	1,882,664 609 570		213,371		2,096,035 609,570						
	000,010		25.000		25,000						
	4,407				7,729						
					176,544						
	577,701		(577,701)								
1	3,194,828	-	(279,950)		2,914,878						
·	17,009	•	(142,247)		(125,238)						
	2,836,714		3,310,779		6,147,493						
	19,230		193,572		212,802						
	2,855,944		3,504,351	<b>P</b> otonico como	6,360,295						
\$	2,872,953	\$	3,362,104	\$	6,235,057						
	\$	\$ (659,604) (2,197,915) (320,300) (3,177,819) (3,177,8	\$ (659,604) \$ (2,197,915) (320,300) \$ (3,177,819) \$ (3,177	Governmental Activities         Business-type Activities           \$ (659,604) (2,197,915) (320,300)         \$ -           (3,177,819)         155,299 (17,596)           (3,177,819)         137,703           (3,177,819)         137,703           1,882,664 (09,570)         25,000 (17,596)           4,407 (12,247)         3,322 (120,486) (15,77,701)           577,701 (17,701)         (577,701)           3,194,828 (279,950)         (142,247)           2,836,714 (19,230)         193,572           2,855,944 (3,504,351)	Governmental Activities         Business-type Activities           \$ (659,604) (2,197,915) (320,300)         \$ - \$           \$ (3,177,819)         155,299 (17,596)           \$ (3,177,819)         137,703           \$ (3,177,819)         137,703           \$ (3,177,819)         137,703           \$ (3,177,819)         137,703           \$ (3,177,819)         137,703           \$ (3,177,819)         137,703           \$ (3,177,819)         137,703           \$ (3,177,819)         137,703           \$ (3,177,819)         137,703           \$ (3,177,819)         137,703           \$ (3,177,819)         25,000           \$ (3,177,819)         25,000           \$ (3,177,819)         25,000           \$ (3,177,819)         25,000           \$ (3,177,819)         25,000           \$ (3,177,819)         25,000           \$ (3,177,819)         25,000           \$ (3,177,819)         25,000           \$ (3,177,819)         25,000           \$ (3,177,819)         25,000           \$ (3,177,819)         25,000           \$ (3,177,819)         27,000           \$ (3,177,819)         27,000           \$ (3,177,819)         2						

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**BALANCE SHEET** 

June 30, 2016

					Other						
		General			Fire	Gov	ernmental				
		agment money and a	Fund		Fund		Funds		Totals		
ASSI	ETS						•				
	Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$	45,371 11,136	\$	1,807,063 52,233 69,624	\$	314,068 305,629 4,001	\$	2,166,502 357,862 73,625 11,136		
	Bue nom outer famo		11,100					-	11,100		
	Total assets	\$	56,507	\$	1,928,920	\$	623,698	\$	2,609,125		
LIAB	ILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabil	ities:										
	Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits	\$	41,972 8,801 360	\$	22,071 5,424	\$	3,102	\$	67,145 14,225 360		
	Due to other funds						11,136		11,136		
	Total liabilities		51,133		27,495		14,238		92,866		
	Balances:										
	Restricted: Fire and emergency services Capital outlay				1,901,425		305,838		1,901,425 305,838		
	Bayridge functions						1,175		1,175		
	Drainage services						314,133		314,133		
	Unassigned		5,374		<del></del>	-	(11,686)		(6,312)		
i.	Total fund balances	-	5,374	-	1,901,425	-	609,460	-	2,516,259		
3	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	56,507	\$	1,928,920	\$	623,698	\$	2,609,125		

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$	2,516,259						
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the st all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumul										
Capital assets at historical cost	\$	2,316,957								
Accumulated depreciation		(1,606,407)								
Net				710,550						
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consis										
Compensated absences payable Other post employment benefits obligation Net pension liability	\$	16,316 8,669 336,039								
Total				(361,024)						
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions										
are reported.			-	7,168						
Total net position - governmental activities			\$	2,872,953						

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		General Fund	Fire Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds		Totals
Revenues:				490000000000000000000000000000000000000		No.	
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ 1,850,510	\$	32,154	\$	1,882,664
Special taxes and assessments			516,277		93,293		. 609,570
Intergovernmental			18,570		00.500		18,570
Service charges and fees Public services fees			C0 E44		69,522		69,522
Use of money and property		278	68,514 2,924		4 205		68,514
Other		4,260	6,139		1,205 110,087		4,407
Other		4,200	 0,139		110,007	-	120,486
Total revenues		4,538	 2,462,934		306,261		2,773,733
Expenditures:							
Personnel		321,239	159,445		61,855		542,539
Clothing and uniforms			3,016				3,016
Contract services		41,274	1,907,541		981		1,949,796
Equipment and tools		32	41,518		141		41,691
Financial services		3,154	17				3,171
Insurance, licenses, and regulatory fees		28,240	52,780		12,335		93,355
Legal and professional		222,227	5,156		17,208		244,591
Office expenses		13,444	7,415		1,023		21,882
Other expenses		417	3,453		(4)		3,870
Rent and utilities		16,327	11,884		21,395		49,606
Repairs and maintenance		113	29,384		269,186		298,683
Travel and training		1,505	3,702		19		5,226
Vehicle maintenance and repairs		671			2,409		3,080
Capital outlay	-		 44,820	-			44,820
Total expenditures		648,643	 2,270,131	-	386,552		3,305,326
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1	(644,105)	 192,803		(80,291)	-	(531,593)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		643,598	32,989		109,828		786,415
Transfers out		(154,812)	 		(53,902)		(208,714)
Total other financing sources (uses)		488,786	32,989		55,926		577,701
Net change in fund balances		(155,319)	 225,792		(24,365)	P	46,108
Fund balances - July 1		160,693	1,656,403		633,825		2,450,921
Prior period adjustments	/		19,230				19,230
Fund balances - July 1, restated		160,693	1,675,633		633,825		2,470,151
Fund balances - June 30	\$	5,374	\$ 1,901,425	\$	609,460	\$	2,516,259

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	46,108
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which additions to capital outlay of \$44,820 is less than depreciation expense \$(88,216) in the period.		(43,396)
In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the fiscal year. In governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts paid). This fiscal year, vacation used exceeded the amounts earned by \$1,981 of which (\$4,574) was due to the change in the long-term portion.		(2,502)
In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of capital assets are reported as		(2,593)
revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss is:		(1,988)
In the statement of activities, postemployment benefits are measured by the amounts earned during the fiscal year. In governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts paid). This		
fiscal year, benefits earned exceeded the amounts used by \$2,511.		(2,511)
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made.  In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer		
contributions was:	-	21,389
Changes in net position - governmental activities	\$	17,009

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

			reatment		
	Water Project				
	Fund		Fund		Totals
ASSETS		•		-	101010
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,767,489	\$	14,883	\$	1,782,372
Accounts receivable, net	359,892				359,892
Accrued revenue receivables	5,986				5,986
Deposits	10,000				10,000
Inventory at cost	57,731				57,731
Other assets	900				900
Total current assets	2,201,998		14,883	_	2,216,881
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	5,638,910		158,590		5,797,500
Total noncurrent assets	5,638,910	-	158,590		5,797,500
Total assets	7,840,908		173,473		8,014,381
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred pensions	79,396				79,396
Total deferred outflows of resources	79,396				79,396
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	27,264		4,000		31,264
Accrued liabilities	25,579		J-17.7 • 0.50-0.00%		25,579
Accrued interest payable	48,587				48,587
Deposits payable	3,150				3,150
Compensated absences - current portion	15,892				15,892
Loan payables - current portion	151,489		25,000		176,489
Total current liabilities	271,961		29,000		300,961
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences	47,674				47,674
OPEB payable	37,936				37,936
Loans payable	3,671,746		247,334		3,919,080
Net pension liability	346,008		247,004		346,008
Total and account link little	4 400 204		0.17.00.1		
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,103,364		247,334		4,350,698
Total liabilities	4,375,325	-	276,334		4,651,659
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	00/27				
Deferred pensions	80,014				80,014
Total deferred inflows of resources	80,014				80,014
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	1,815,675		158,590		1,974,265
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,649,290		(261,451)		1,387,839
Total net position	\$ 3,464,965	\$	(102,861)	\$	3,362,104

Wastewater

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		vvasiewatei		
		Treatment		
	Water	Project		
	Fund	Fund	Totals	
Operating Revenues:				
Utility	\$ 1,738,257	\$ -	\$ 1,738,257	
Total operating revenues	1,738,257		1,738,257	
Operating Expenses:				
Personnel	582,848		582,848	
Clothing and uniforms	1,837		1,837	
Contract services	64,207		64,207	
Equipment and tools	20,497		20,497	
Financial services		54	54	
Insurance, licenses and regulatory fees	50,922	2,104	53,026	
Legal and professional	226,507	15,438	241,945	
Office expenses	40,402	5740000 • HSP=7700450	40,402	
Other expenses	10,209		10,209	
Rent and utilities	142,326		142,326	
Repairs and maintenance	25,474		25,474	
Travel and training	1,756		1,756	
Vehicle maintenance and repairs	9,261		9,261	
Non-capitalized equipment	22,946		22,946	
Depreciation	256,400		256,400	
Total operating expenses	1,455,592	17,596	1,473,188	
Operating income (loss)	282,665	(17,596)	265,069	
, and the same control of		(17,000)	200,000	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Property taxes and assessments	213,371	25,000	238,371	
Investment income	3,221	101	3,322	
Other non-operating revenue	56,058		56,058	
Intergovernmental revenues	1,527		1,527	
Interest expense	(128,893)		(128,893)	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	145,284	25,101	170,385	
	( <del>)</del>			
Income before transfers	427,949	7,505	435,454	
Transfers in (out)	(562,678)	(15,023)	(577,701)	
Change in net position	(134,729)	(7,518)	(142,247)	
Net position (deficit) - July 1	3,411,621	(100,842)	3,310,779	
Prior period adjustments	188,073	5,499	193,572	
Net position (deficit) - July 1, restated	3,599,694	(95,343)	3,504,351	
Net position (deficit) - June 30	\$ 3,464,965	\$ (102,861)	\$ 3,362,104	
1 Village State St		. (102,001)	. 5,502,107	

Wastewater

### LOS OSOS COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Treatment	
•	Water	Project	
	Fund	Fund	Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		- 1 4110	Totals
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,771,703	\$ -	\$ 1,771,703
Payments to suppliers	(753,525)	(12,928)	(766,453)
Payments to employees	(570,629)	, , , ,	(570,629)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	447,549	(12,928)	434,621
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Acquisition of capital assets	(32,463)		(32,463)
Principal paid on capital debt	(147,005)		(147,005)
Interest paid on capital debt	(130,761)		(130,761)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(310,229)		(310,229)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Transfers from (to) other funds	(562,678)	(15,023)	(577,701)
Property taxes and assessments	212,527	25,000	237,527
Intergovernmental revenues	1,527	,	1,527
Debt payment	.,	(25,000)	(25,000)
Other revenue	14,058	(20,000)	14,058
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(334,566)	(15,023)	(349,589)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:			
Interest income	3;221	101	2 222
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	3,221	101	3,322
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	5,221	101	3,322
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(194,025)	(27,850)	(221,875)
Cash and cash equivalents - July 1	1,961,514	42,733	2,004,247
Cash and cash equivalents - June 30	\$ 1,767,489	\$ 14,883	\$ 1,782,372
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,767,489	\$ 14,883	\$ 1,782,372
Gadi and in sounding	Ψ 1,707,409	14,000	Ψ 1,702,372

(Continued)

Wastewater

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating		Water Fund	Wastewater Treatment Project Fund	( <del>2)</del>	Totals
activities:					
Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	282,665	\$ (17,596)	\$	265,069
Depreciation expense		256,400			256,400
Change in assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,					
and deferred outflows of resources:					
Receivables, net		33,446			33,446
Inventories		(57,731)			(57,731)
Other assets		(900)			(900)
Deferred outflows		(12,510)			(12,510)
Accounts payable		(78,550)	4,668		(73,882)
Accrued liabilities		17,153			17,153
Compensated absences		7,553			7,553
OPEB payable		10,984			10,984
Net pension liability		4,553			4,553
Deferred inflows	-	(15,514)			(15,514)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	447,549	\$ (12,928)	\$	434,621

### LOS OSOS COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES June 30, 2016

		Agency
	Fund	
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	106,670
Cash with fiscal agent		1,739,381
Accrued property taxes receivable		24,813
Loan receivable from District		272,334
Total assets	\$	2,143,198
		·
LIABILITIES		
Due to bondholders	\$	2,143,198
Total liabilities	\$	2,143,198

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The Los Osos Community Services District (District), a political subdivision of the State of California, was formed on January 1, 1999, pursuant to Ballot Measure K-98 to provide services previously provided by San Luis Obispo County (the County) in specific benefits zones of what was formerly County Service Area 9. After formation, the District added solid waste services providing service to all properties in the District. It operates pursuant to Section 61000 of the California Government Code. It is currently authorized to provide Fire Protection, Water, Street Lighting, Drainage, and Parks and Recreation Services. It is governed by a five-member Board of Directors with an operations staff headed by a general manager.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

#### Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories with each major fund displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or proprietary fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or proprietary fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.

All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds in a single column, regardless of their fund type.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

#### Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund, more commonly referred to as the Administrative Fund, is the general operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all other activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The following are Special Revenue Funds:

- 301 Fire Fund
- 200 Bayridge (a subdivision where lighting and septic system maintenance are provided)
- 400 Vista de Oro (a subdivision where lighting and septic system maintenance are provided)
- 800 Drainage
- 900 Parks and Recreation

#### **Proprietary Funds**

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Proprietary Funds are as follows:

- 500 Water
- 600 Wastewater Treatment Project Fund (This is for the aborted sewer system project and may in the future be reclassified to the governmental category.)

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### Fiduciary Funds

The fiduciary fund is accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. The fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) a measurement of results of operations is not shown.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The District maintains one agency fund – Los Osos Community Services District Wastewater Assessment District No. 1.

#### Major Funds

The District reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

General Fund - This is the District's primary operating fund and is more commonly referred to as the Administrative Fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The fund provides for public administration, overall management, occupancy, computer systems, accounting, legal, consulting, communication, and insurance as it pertains to the District as a whole.

<u>Fire Fund</u> - This fund accounts for activities of Fire Station 15 - South Bay. The fire department provides fire suppression, emergency paramedic services, and fire prevention including public education. Services are provided through a contract with Cal Fire for the entire community. Reserve firefighters and administrative operational costs are paid by the District outside the Cal Fire contract.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Water Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the District's water distribution system. The water department is responsible for the operation and maintenance of five groundwater supply wells providing treatment, monitoring, and distribution services.

<u>Wastewater Treatment Project Fund</u> - This fund originally accounted for projects relating to the District's wastewater treatment project. Since the wastewater treatment project was stopped, this fund now mainly reflects functions relative to bankruptcy proceedings and assessment costs on the aborted sewer project.

### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and businesstype activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item "b" below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds are accounted for using a "current financial resources" measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. All proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and all liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with the operation of these funds are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The District defines available to be within 60 days of fiscal year-end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds for governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual include taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest, and charges for services. Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

Grant revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements are met. Under the terms of grant agreements, the District may fund certain programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position are available to finance program expenditures. The District's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The fiduciary fund is accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Because the fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) a measurement of results of operations is not shown.

### D. <u>Property Taxes</u>

The County levies, bills, and collects property taxes and special assessments for the District. Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue in the fiscal year of levy, due to the adoption of the "alternate method of property tax distribution," known as the Teeter Plan, by the District and the County. The Teeter Plan authorizes the Auditor/Controller of the County to allocate 100% of the secured property taxes billed, excluding unitary tax (whether paid or unpaid). The County remits tax monies to the District every month and twice a month in December and April. The final amount which is "teetered" is remitted in August each year.

Tax collections are the responsibility of the County Tax Collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls, which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments; the first is due November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10; and the second is due on March 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do not constitute a lien against real property unless the tax becomes delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the County for late payment.

Property valuations are established by the Assessor of the County for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls. Under the provisions of Article XIIIA of the State Constitution, properties are assessed at 100% of purchase price or value in 1978 whichever is later. From this base assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of 2 percent. However, increases to full value are allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal property is excluded from these limitations, and is subject to annual reappraisal.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### D. Property Taxes (Continued)

Tax levy dates are attached annually on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property, as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

#### E. Cash and Investments

The District pools the cash of all funds, except for monies deposited with fiscal agent in accordance with related bond indentures. The cash and investments balance in each fund represents that fund's equity share of the District's cash and investment pool.

Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated quarterly to the various funds based on monthend balances. Interest income on restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

The District's investments are carried at fair value. The fair value of equity and debt securities is determined based on sales prices or bid-and-asked quotations from Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registered securities exchanges or NASDAQ dealers. Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) determines the fair value of their portfolio quarterly and reports a factor to the District. Changes in fair value are allocated to each participating fund.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District has defined cash and cash equivalents to be change and petty cash funds, equity in the District's cash and investment pool, and restricted non-pooled investments with initial maturities of three months of less.

### F. Accounts and Interest Receivable

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at fiscal year-end and not yet received. Receivables are recorded in the financial statements net of any allowance for doubtful accounts if applicable, and estimated refunds due. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities may include sales taxes, property taxes, grants, and other fees, if any. Business-type activities report utilities as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds may include revenue accruals such as franchise tax, grants, service charges and other similar intergovernmental revenues that are both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned and if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at fiscal year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings comprise the majority of proprietary fund receivables. The fiduciary fund receivables primarily consist of tax assessments.

#### G. Prepaid Expenses and Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The cost is recorded as an expenditure/expense in the funds at the time individual inventory items are purchased rather than when consumed. This is then adjusted by physical inventory at fiscal year-end. Inventory in the enterprise funds consist principally of materials and supplies for utility operations.

Payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### H. Restricted Assets

Funds that are under the control of external parties are restricted.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### I. Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations. The presentation and recording of governmental assets are described below.

#### Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets with a historical cost of \$5,000 or more are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, if any, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets.

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the District has recorded all its public domain (infrastructure) capital assets on the government-wide statements.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	40-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	5-25 years
Infrastructure	5-60 years
Equipment and systems	5-30 years

#### Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are capitalized when purchased.

#### J. Accumulated Compensated Absences

Compensated absences comprise unused vacation leave, sick leave, and compensatory time off, which are accrued as earned. Vacation can be accrued to a maximum of 40 days or 320 hours for the regular employees or 448 hours for the shift employees. Upon termination, all accumulated vacation hours up to 240 hours can be paid for the regular employees or up to 336 hours for the shift employees. Sick leave can be accrued up to 180 days or 1,440 hours. Only half of accumulated sick leave hours can be paid on termination to eligible employees. Employees become eligible for sick leave pay-off after completing five years of service. Payments will be based on the pay rate at the time of termination. The District's liability for the current and long-term portions of compensated absences is shown in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for both governmental funds and proprietary funds. Only proprietary funds reflect the long-term portion in the fund financials report, Statement of Net Position. The short-term portion is reflected for both governmental and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements. Computation was based on rates in effect as of the fiscal year-end.

#### K. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term liabilities are presented for both governmental and proprietary fund types. In the fund financial statements, only the proprietary funds show long-term liabilities. Initial issue bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Amortization of bond premiums or discounts and deferred amounts on refunding are included in interest expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the period when the debt is issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the District recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has one item which qualifies for reporting in this category, refer to Note 7 for a detailed listing of the deferred outflows of resources the District has recognized.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has one item which qualifies for reporting in this category; refer to Note 7 for a detailed listing of the deferred inflows of resources the District has recognized.

#### M. Interfund Transactions

Following is a description of the three basic types of interfund transactions that can be made during the fiscal year and the related accounting policies:

- 1. <u>Interfund services provided and used</u> transactions for services rendered or facilities provided. These transactions are recorded as revenues in the receiving fund and expenditures in the disbursing fund.
- Reimbursements (expenditure transfers) transactions to reimburse a fund for specific expenditures incurred for the benefit of another fund. These transactions are recorded as expenditures in the disbursing fund and a reduction of expenditures in the receiving fund.
- 3. <u>Transfers</u> all interfund transactions which allocate resources from one fund to another fund. These transactions are recorded as transfers in and out.

### N. Equity Classifications

#### Government-Wide Statements

GASB Statement No. 63 requires that the difference between assets and the deferred outflows of resources and liabilities added to the deferred inflows of resources be reported as net position. Net position is classified as either net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted.

Net position that is *net investment in capital assets* consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding principal of related debt. *Restricted net position* is the portion of the net position that has external constraints placed on it by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments, or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. *Unrestricted net position* consists of net position that does not meet the definition of net investments in capital assets or restricted net position.

#### O. Future Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statements listed below will be implemented in future financial statements:

Statement No. 74	"Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Plans Other Than Pension Plans"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.
Statement No. 75	"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.
Statement No. 77	"Tax Abatement Disclosures"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Future Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

Statement No. 78	"Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.
Statement No. 79	"Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.
Statement No. 80	"Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.
Statement No. 81	"Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016.
Statement No. 82	"Pension Issues-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

## P. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with principles generally accepted in the United States of America and necessarily include amounts based on estimates and assumptions by Management. Actual results could differ from these amounts.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Investments of the District are governed by the California Government Code and by the District's investment policy. The General Manager of the District acts as the District Finance Officer and Treasurer who is tasked to perform investment functions in accordance with the investment policy. The objectives of the policy are safety, liquidity, yield, and compliance with State and Federal laws and regulations.

#### Investments of the District as of June 30, 2016

The table below identifies the investment types the District has that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive, that addresses interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

		Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	Of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
Federal Agency Securities	N/A	None	None
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase and Reserve	0. 0. 0. 1 (maga v) 11 (ma		
Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	15%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	N/A	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
State Registered Warrants, Notes or			
Bonds	N/A	None	None
Notes and Bonds for other Local			
California Agencies	5 years	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	5 years	None	None

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The composition of cash and investments as of June 30, 2016, by fund type is as follows:

	Α	vailable for			
	(	Operations	1	Restricted	Total
General Fund	\$	45,371	\$	•	\$ 45,371
Special Revenue Funds		2,121,131		357,862	2,478,993
Proprietary Funds		1,782,372			1,782,372
Fiduciary Funds				1,846,051	1,846,051
	\$	3,948,874	\$	2,203,913	\$ 6,152,787
Special Revenue Funds Proprietary Funds	\$	2,121,131 1,782,372	-	357,862 1,846,051	 2,478,9 1,782,3 1,846,0

#### Classification

Cash and investments are classified in the financial statements as shown below, based on whether or not their use is restricted under the terms of the District's debt instruments or Agency's agreements:

Total cash and investments	\$	6,152,787
Cash and investments with fiscal agents, statement of fiduciary net position		1,739,381
Cash and investments, statement of fiduciary net position		106,670
Total cash and investments, statement of net position	-	4,306,736
Cash and investments - restricted		357,862
Cash and investments	\$	3,948,874

On June 30, 2016, the District had the following cash and investments on hand:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 1,616,855
Imprest funds	10,972
Bank time deposits	52,006
State investment pool	635,395
Money market	3,837,559
Total cash and investments	\$ 6,152,787

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. These principles recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District had investments in the State Investment Pool, money market funds, and bank time deposits, however, these external pools are not required to be measured under Level 1, 2 or 3.

#### Disclosure Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment is, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District's interest rate risk is mitigated is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### Disclosure Relating to Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity as of June 30, 2016:

				Rema	aining Ma	aturity (ir	n Months	)	
	Carrying		12 Months	12	13-24	le le	25-60	Mo	re than
Investment Type	Amount		Or Less		Months		/lonths	60	Months
Bank time deposits	\$ 52,006	\$	52,006	\$	-	\$	=	\$	-
LAIF	635,395		635,395						
Money market	2,098,178		2,098,178						
Held by bond trustees:									
Money market	1,739,381		1,739,381						
	\$ 4,524,960	\$	4,524,960	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
		-							

#### Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The District has no investments (including investments held by bond trustees) that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations.

#### Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 for each investment type.

	Carrying	Minimum Legal		xempt From	William Co.	Rating	g as c	of Fiscal	Year E	nd
Investment Type	Amount	Rating	Dis	closure		AAA	6771-68671-864 5568	Aa	1	Not Rated
Bank time deposits	\$ 52,006	N/A	\$	-	\$	7 <del>=</del>	\$	-		52,006
LAIF	635,395	N/A								635,395
Moneymarket	2,098,178	N/A			:	2,098,178				
Held by bond trustees:										
Money market	1,739,381					1,739,381				
	\$ 4,524,960		\$	-	\$ :	3,837,559	\$	() <b>-</b>	\$	687,401

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. The District minimizes its credit risk by investing only in the safest types of securities or investments.

The biggest investment of the District is in money market funds, comprising seventy-nine percent (79%) of all investments. This is managed by the District's bank. This investment is indexed to earn ten basis points above that earned monthly by the State Investment Pool. These are collateralized up to 110% in compliance with State law with the collaterals held by a separate trustee bank.

The next major investment of the District, not considering those held by bond trustee, is investment in the State Investment Pool, more commonly known as LAIF. Investment in LAIF comprises twenty percent (20%) of all invested funds. This fund is not registered with the Securities and State Commission as an investment company but is required to invest according to California State Code. The fund is under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California through the Local Investment Advisory Board that consists of five members as designated by statute. Market valuation is conducted quarterly by the State Treasurer's office. In addition, it also conducts a monthly fair market valuation of all securities held against carrying costs. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based on the District's pro-rata share of the fair value of the entire portfolio net of any amortized costs as provided by LAIF.

## NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### Concentration of Credit Risk (Continued)

Investment of funds held by bond trustee is governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy. Current agreement of the District with bond trustee directs the trustee to invest in money market funds duly registered under the Federal Securities Act of 1933 and under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and having a rating by Standard and Poor's (S&P) of AAAm-G or AAAm or in any other investment acceptable to the bond insurer.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the District investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the government unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. Deposits are insured up to \$250,000.

The investment in the State Investment Pool is not required to be collateralized. The fair value of securities in the pool is based on quoted market prices. The State Treasurer's Office performs a monthly fair market valuation of all securities held against carrying costs. Reports of valuations and financial statements are available to participants on the State Treasurer's website.

#### NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, were as follows:

#### Interfund Transfers:

Major Governmental Funds:	Tr	ansfers In	Transfers Out			
General	\$	643,598	\$	154,812		
Fire		32,989				
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:						
Bayridge		109,828				
Vista de Oro				10,819		
Drainage				43,083		
Proprietary Funds:	6					
Water				562,678		
Wastewater Treatment Plant				15,023		
	\$	786,415	\$	786,415		

#### Due To/Due From:

Governmental Fund:	Due To
eneral	\$ -
ajor Governmental Fund:	
sta de Oro	11,136
	\$ 11,136
	\$ 11,

## NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmer	-4-1		:4:
Governmer	ทาลเ	activ	ILIES.

	Balance at						E	Balance at		
	Jı	uly 1, 2015	F	Additions	Re	tirements	Ju	ne 30, 2016		
Capital assets not being depreciated									_	
Land	\$	57,375	_\$		\$		\$	57,375	5	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	57,375	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57,378	5	
Capital assets being depreciated										
Buildings, structures, and improvements	\$	515,116	\$	44,820	\$	-	\$	559,936	3	
Infrastructure	9/35	237,756	<b>X</b> II	, ,,,,,,,	•	(4,325)	Ψ	233,431		
Plant and equipment		1,466,215				(1,020)		1,466,215		
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	2,219,087	-	44,820		(4,325)	-	2,259,582	-	
Less accumulated depreciation					•	1.17	-	-,,	_	
Buildings, structures, and improvements		397,428		19,456				416,884		
Infrastructure		226,214		3,270		(2,337)		227,147		
Plant and equipment		896,886		65,490		, , ,		962,376		
Total accumulated depreciation		1,520,528	-	88,216		(2,337)		1,606,407	_	
				***************************************	_				_	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	698,559	\$	(43,396)	\$	(1,988)	\$	653,175	=	
Net capital assets	\$	755,934	\$	(43,396)	\$	(1,988)	\$	710,550	)	
Business-type activities:										
	Е	Balance at					Pr	or Period	E	Balance at
	Jı	ıly 1, 2015		Additions	_Re	etirements	_Ac	ljustment	Jur	ne 30, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated										
Land	\$	498,429	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<b>₹</b> 1	\$	498,429
Construction in progress		624,179		32,463		(620,929)				35,713
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,122,608	\$	32,463	\$	(620,929)	\$		\$	534,142
Capital assets being depreciated										
Building and improvements	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4	\$	5,000
Infrastructure		8,578,174		620,929				154,900		9,354,003
Plant and equipment		504,324						(31,147)		473,177
Total capital assets being depreciated		9,087,498		620,929				123,753		9,832,180
Less accumulated depreciation										
Building and improvements		5,000								5,000
Infrastructure		3,922,906		231,451				10,927		4,165,284
Plant and equipment		425,295		24,949				(51,706)		398,538
Total accumulated depreciation		4,353,201		256,400				(40,779)		4,568,822
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	4,734,297	\$	364,529	\$	-	\$	164,532	\$	5,263,358
Net capital assets	\$	5,856,905	\$	396,992	\$	(620,929)	\$	164,532	\$	5,797,500
Governmental Activities: General administration Public safety Health and sanitation Total governmental activities of Business-type Activities: Water services	deprec	ciation expens	е			\$		8,368 76,578 3,270 88,216		
Total business-type activities	depre	ciation expens	se			\$		256,400		
						-				

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in the District's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance at July 1, 2015		Additions Reduction		eductions	Balance at June 30, 2016			Current Portion	Long Term Portion		
Governmental Activities:										-		
Compensated Absences	\$	18,297	\$	4,832	\$	6,813	\$	16,316	\$	12,237	\$	4,079
Other Post Employment Benefits Obliga		6,158		6,092		3,581		8,669				8,669
Net Pension Liability		279,555	1	46,170		89,686		336,039				336,039
Total Governmental Activities	\$	304,010	\$ 1	57,094	\$	100,080	\$	361,024	\$	12,237	\$	348,787
Business-Type Activities:												
Compensated Absences	\$	56,013	\$	28,694	\$	21,141	\$	63,566	\$	15,892	\$	47,674
Other Post Employment Benefits Obliga		26,952		12,591		1,607		37,936				37,936
Water Fund:												
Loan Payable		3,970,240				147,005		3,823,235		151,489		3,671,746
Wastewater Treatment Project Fund:						NO DANG MARKATEUR						W. Charte Bleek March
Loan Payable to Fiduciary Fund		297,334				25,000		272,334		25,000		247,334
Net Pension Liability		341,455	1	50,507		145,954		346,008				346,008
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	4,691,994	\$1	91,792	\$	340,707	<u>\$</u>	4,543,079	\$	192,381	\$ 4	4,350,698

#### NOTE 6 - LOANS PAYABLE

#### California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank

On December 6, 2004, the District entered into a loan agreement with the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (CIEDB) for a principal amount of \$5 million for the purpose of constructing and upgrading water delivery facilities. The loan is for a term of thirty years ending in August 2034 with an interest rate of 3.05% per annum. Annual payments average \$278,000 per year including interest. Debt service payments are due in August and February each year. Water revenues were pledged to guarantee the loan. All projects covered by the loan were completed and closed out in January 2009. The outstanding principal balance of the loan at June 30, 2016, was \$3,823,235.

California	Infrastructure a	and Economic	Development	Bank
------------	------------------	--------------	-------------	------

For the Fiscal Year						Annual ministrative		2
Ending June 30	Principal Principal		Interest		Fee		Total	
2017	\$	151,486	\$	114,298	\$	11,470	\$	277,254
2018		156,109		109,607		11,015		276,731
2019		160,871		104,773		10,547		276,191
2020		165,777		99,792		10,064		275,633
2021		170,834		94,659		9,567		275,060
2022-2026		935,575		390,646		39,826		1,366,047
2027-2031		1,087,225		236,684		24,912		1,348,821
2032-2035		995,358		61,858		7,579		1,064,795
Total	\$	3,823,235	\$	1,212,317	\$	124,980	\$	5,160,532

## Loan Payable to Fiduciary Fund

The District used \$714,268 bond reserve funds on September 1, 2006, to cover amounts the District had spent from the bond redemption funds. As part of the bankruptcy settlement, the District is to pay back the reserve fund with its bond administration fee plus \$25,000 annually. As of June 30, 2016, the District owed \$272,334. See Note 12 – Contingencies and Commitments for further details.

#### NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plans

#### Plan Descriptions

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's separate Safety and Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statue and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1959 Survivor Benefit, or the Pre-Retirement Option Settlement. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Contribution rates are based on the Actuarial Valuation Report as of June 30, 2013. The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

Safata

	Miscellaneous		
	Classic Member	New Member	
	Hired Prior to	Hired On or after	
Hire Date	January 1, 2013*	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50-63	52-67	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.46% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rates	7%	6.50%	
Required employer contribution rates	9.353%	6.73%	

	Salety		
	Classic Member	New Member	
	Hired Prior to	Hired On or after	
Hire Date	January 1, 2013*	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% @ 50	2.7% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50-55	50-57	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0-2.7%	2.0% to 2.7%	
Required employee contribution rates	9%	12.25%	
Required employer contribution rates	15.373%	11.92%	

<sup>\*</sup> A new employee may transfer into the Classic Member formula if he/she comes from another agency participating in the CalPERS or reciprocal retirement system and did not have more than a six month break in service.

## NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## A. General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

#### Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan is determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$98,670 for the Safety Plan and \$10,520 for the Miscellaneous Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

## B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net position liability of each Plan as follows:

	Proportionate			
	Share of Net			
	Pension Liabili			
Miscellaneous	\$	453,586		
Safety	2000000	228,461		
	\$	682,047		

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all Pension Plan participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Proportion-June 30, 2015	0.00731%	0.00267%
Proportion-June 30, 2016	0.00661%	0.00333%
Change-Increase (Decrease)	-0.00070%	0.00066%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$73,084. Pension expense represents the change in the net pension liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions or method, and plan benefits. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

,	Deferred Outflows of Resources		1 18-11	ed Inflows of esources
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	109,190	\$	-
Changes in assumptions				(44,555)
Differences between expected and actual experience		4,292		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
retirement plan investments				(22,344)
Adjustment due to differences in proportion		14,483		(65,046)
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		10,530		
	\$	138,495	\$	(131,945)

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources above represent the unamortized portion of changes to net pension liability to be recognized in future periods in a systematic and rational manner.

#### NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$109,190 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fisca; year ended June 30, 2017.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expenses as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30,	Amount	
2017	\$	(43,876)
2018		(44,860)
2019		(42,431)
2020		28,527
	\$	(102,640)

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Valuation Date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2014
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015
Acturial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.65%	7.65%
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3%	3%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.50%	7.50%
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds (1)	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds (1)

- (1) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses including inflation
- (2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERs' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

#### Change of Assumptions

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expenses. The discount rate was changed from 7.50% (net of administrative expenses in 2014) to 7.65% as of June 30, 2015 to correct the adjustment which previously reduced the discount rate for administrative expenses.

#### NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for public agency plans (including PERF C), CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund, including PERF C. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB No. 67 and No. 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits were calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10(a)	Real Return Years 11+(b)
Global Equity	51.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% was used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% was used for this period.

#### NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.65 percent) or 1- percentage point higher (8.65 percent) than the current rate:

	Mis	Miscellaneous		Safety	
1% Decrease		6.65%		6.65%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	760,695	\$	366,301	
Current Discount Rate		7.65%		7.65%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	453,586	\$	228,461	
1% Increase		8.65%		8.65%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	200,032	\$	115,434	

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

#### C. Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, the District had no amount outstanding for contributions to the pension plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

#### NOTE 8 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### Plan Description

The District provides a defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Retiree Health Plan"). The Retiree Health Plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees through the CalPERS Health Benefit Program, which covers both active and retired members. Spouses are also covered throughout his or her life. The District only pays up to the required minimum employer premium contribution calculated using the unequal contribution method. Under this method, the District's contribution for the retiree is calculated by the number of years the District has participated in CalPERS, multiplied by at least five percent (5%), and multiplied by the current employer contribution toward active employees, which is adjusted based on the medical care portion of the Consumer Price Index.

#### **Funding Policy**

The District's Board of Directors will not be funding the plan in the current fiscal year. The Board will review the funding requirements and policy annually.

#### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The District has elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the alternative measurement method permitted by GASB Statement No. 45 for employers in plans with fewer than one hundred total plan members. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over the remaining period of 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the its net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

#### NOTE 8 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Annual required Contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation	\$	18,707 1.159
Adjustment to annual required contribution	_	(1,183)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		18,683
Contributions made		5,188
Increase in net OPEB obligation		13,495
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of fiscal year		33,110
Net OPEB obligation - end of fiscal year	\$	46,605

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the last fiscal year is as follows:

	Fiscal Year	Ann	ual OPEB	,	Actual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB		
Ending June 30		Cost		Cor	ntribution	Contributed	Obligation		
-									
	2015	\$	18,693	\$	4,338	23%	\$	33,110	
	2016	\$	18,683	\$	5,188	28%	\$	46,605	

#### Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2014, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits was \$174,250, all of which is unfunded.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrences of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer as subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

## Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term prospective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees – Based on the historical average retirement age for the covered group, active plan members were assumed to retire at age 62, or at the first subsequent year in which the member would qualify for benefits.

Mortality – Life expectancies at the calculation date are based on the most recent mortality tables published by the National Center for Health Statistics website (<a href="www.cdc.gov">www.cdc.gov</a>). The calculation of OPEB liability for each year is based on the assumption that all participants will live until their expected age as displayed in the mortality tables.

Turnover – The probability that an employee will remain employed until the assumed retirement age was determined using non-group-specific age-based turnover data provided in Table 1 in paragraph 35 of GASB Statement No. 45. In addition, the expected future working lifetimes of employees were determined using Table 2 in paragraph 35c of GASB Statement No. 45.

#### NOTE 8 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Healthcare cost trend rate – Healthcare cost trend rates were selected based on a combination of national and state trend surveys as well as professional judgement. The ultimate trend rate was 4%.

Health insurance premiums – 2015 health insurance premiums for retirees were used as a basis for calculation of the present value of total benefits to be paid. An employee is assumed to continue with the same medical plan upon retirement. If an employee waived medical coverage, then such waiver is assumed to continue into retirement.

Medicare Coordination - Medicare was assumed as the primary payer for current and future retirees at age 62.

Payroll increase - Changes in the payroll for current employees are expected to increase at a rate of approximately 3% annually.

Discount rate – The calculation uses an annual discount rate of 3.5%. This is based on the assumed long-term return on plan assets or employer assets.

Actuarial cost method – The entry age actuarial cost method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis over 30 years.

#### Plan for Funding

On an ongoing basis, the District will be reviewing its assumptions, comparing them against actual experience and recalculating the needed funding with the goal of paying for postemployment benefits out of interest earned on designated funds.

Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of Funding Progress

	Actuarial Accrued	Actuarial	Unfunded		Annual	UAAL
Actuarial	Liability (AAL)	Value of	Liability	Funded	Covered	as a %
Valuation	Entry Age	Assets	(UAAL)	Status	Payroll	of payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(a-b)	(b/a)	(c)	(a[a-b]/c)
		-				
7/1/2014	\$ 174,250	\$ -	\$ 174,250	0%	\$ 303,003	57.5%

## **NOTE 9 - OPERATING LEASES**

The District has commitments to lease certain office equipment and facilities. The District leases its administrative facilities for \$2,000 a month. The lease was extended by two years to April 30, 2016, under the same terms. The District leases a copier at \$375 a month. This lease is renewable annually at the District's option in September each year.

#### NOTE 10 - FIDUCIARY BONDED DEBT - NON-DISTRICT DEBT

This debt is held in a trustee capacity for the homeowners of the Wastewater Assessment District No. 1 where the assessments are received from the Assessment District's property owners as collected on the County tax roll in order to pay the 2002 Wastewater Improvement Bonds debt service payments.

#### Wastewater Improvement Bonds

Wastewater Improvement Bonds											
For the Fiscal Year		9									
Ending June 30		Principal	I Interest			Total					
2017	\$	480,000	\$	663,750	\$	1,143,750					
2018		505,000		639,125	1226	1,144,125					
2019		530,000		613,250		1,143,250					
2020		555,000		586,125		1,141,125					
2021		585,000		557,625		1,142,625					
2022-2026		3,390,000	2	2,307,500		5,697,500					
2027-2031		4,320,000	•	1,348,750		5,668,750					
2032-2034		3,150,000		241,250		3,391,250					
Total	\$ 1	3,515,000	\$ 6	3,957,375	\$	20,472,375					

#### NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, property loss and damage, errors and omissions, and employee injury. The District carries all its insurance coverage over these risks and also for Workers' Compensation through the Special Districts Risk Management Authority (SDRMA). This agency is a Joint Powers Authority (JPA) consisting of special districts in the State of California. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors. All seven are elected at large from the membership to serve four year terms. It has about 478 public agencies participating in the Property/Liability program and 404 agencies in its Workers' Compensation program. SDRMA's audit report for the fiscal year 2014-15 shows it had Net Assets of about \$48.7 million.

The District has never incurred any uninsured losses since its inception.

## NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Commitment to Pay into the 2002 Bond Reserve

On September 2, 2006, the District used \$714,268 of fiduciary fund bond reserves for the Wastewater Project. As part of the Amended Bankruptcy Plan, the Class 5 Secured Claim of MBIA Insurance Corp. arose out of the bonds that were issued by LOCSD Wastewater Assessment District No. 1 to fund part of the Wastewater Project (Old Project).

MBIA was the insurer of those bonds. As stated above the District used bond reserves for District purposes. The District has committed to pay at least \$25,000 per year. This amount plus any investment income earned by all funds held by the bond trustee will be used to bring the reserve account to its required level of \$1,158,500.

Note: In FY 2014/2015 the District in cooperation with US Bank conducted a full audit of this fund from its inception through June 30, 2015. After making the payments for FY 2013/2014, FY 2014/2015, and processing all payments currently held by the LOCSD for prior years, the Reserve balance as of June 30, 2016 is \$861,169. As of June 30, 2015, \$297,331 is still needed to restore the reserve to its required level. For FY 2015/2016 the LOCSD Board authorized a \$12 per parcel administrative charge be included on the San Luis Obispo Tax Rolls as allowed by the bond documents. Consistent with the bankruptcy order these funds are to be used to pay the MBIA claim by making the payments annually to US Bank to restore the fund in the Improvement Bond Reserve.

## Other Commitments

In September 2007, the District entered into an Interlocutory Stipulated Judgment (ISJ) with three other water purveyors in the community. The judgment was intended to provide a coordinated effort of all parties to manage the water basin by first preparing a comprehensive plan to address deficiencies that threaten the long-term viability of the water basin. The judgment provided for an equitable sharing of costs. The District's share is thirty-nine percent (39%). The District is current on this commitment which is funded in its annual budget.

## NOTE 13 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

	Statement of Activities			vities	FundS			tatements	
		ernmental		iness-type	Governmental		Proprietary		
	Activities Activities		ctivities		Funds	Funds			
Governmental Funds:									
Fire Fund Difference between the amount recorded as accounts receivable/payable in prior fiscal year and the actual amount received/paid in the current fiscal year.	\$	19,230	\$		\$	19,230	\$		
Proprietary Funds:									
Water Fund									
Remove accrued liabilities from previous fiscal year.				23,541				23,541	
Adjust capital assets to inventoried list performed during the fiscal year.				164,532				164,532	
Wastewater Treatment Project Fund									
Correct an expenditure that was improperly expensed in the previous									
fiscal year.				5,499				5,499	
	\$	19,230	\$	193,572	\$	19,230	\$	193,572	



GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	-	Budgete	ed Amo	unts				iance with al Budget
	0	riginal		Final	Actua	I Amounts		ve (Negative)
Revenues:			•					
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	278	\$	278
Other						4,260		4,260
Total revenues						4,538		4,538
Expenditures:								
Personnel		332,562		332,562		321,239		11,323
Contract services		45,200		45,200		41,274		3,926
Equipment and tools						32		(32)
Financial services		2,000		2,000		3,154		(1,154)
Insurance, licenses, and regulatory fees		39,175		39,175		28,240		10,935
Legal and professional		94,100		94,100		222,227		(128,127)
Office expenses		19,400		19,400		13,444		5,956
Other expenses						417		(417)
Rent and utilities		36,464		36,464		16,327		20,137
Repairs and maintenance		300		300		113		187
Travel and training		5,500		5,500		1,505		3,995
Capital outlay		5,000		5,000				5,000
					Booker (Market)		( <del>a. t</del> errit	
Total expenditures		579,701		579,701		648,643		(68,942)
•								
Excess of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(579,701)		(579,701)		(644,105)		(64,404)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		579,701		579,701		643,598		63,897
Transfers out			District Control			(154,812)		(154,812)
Total other financing sources (uses)		579,701		579,701		488,786		(90,915)
Net change in fund balance						(155,319)		(155,319)
Front halance - halad		100.000		100.000		100.000		
Fund balance - July 1		160,693	-	160,693	-	160,693		
Fund balance - June 30	\$	160,693	\$	160,693	\$	5,374	\$	(155,319)
	- 10							

FIRE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Budget	ed Am	ounts				iance with
	C	Original		Final	Actual Amounts		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Property taxes Special taxes and assessments Intergovernmental Public services fees Use of money and property Other	\$	1,760,766 532,329 15,119 71,134	\$	1,760,766 532,329 15,119 71,134	\$	1,850,510 516,277 18,570 68,514 2,924 6,139	\$	89,744 (16,052) 3,451 (2,620) 2,924
Total revenues		2,379,348		2,379,348		2,462,934		6,139 83,586
Personnel Clothing and uniforms Contract services Equipment and tools Financial services Insurance, licenses, and regulatory fees Legal and professional Office expenses Other expenses Rent and utilities Repairs and maintenance Travel and training Capital outlay Total expenditures		174,735 4,500 1,905,453 42,071 100 23,300 2,040 9,570 1,800 13,532 11,750 6,857 20,000		174,735 4,500 1,905,453 42,071 100 23,300 2,040 9,570 1,800 13,532 11,750 6,857 20,000		159,445 3,016 1,907,541 41,518 17 52,780 5,156 7,415 3,453 11,884 29,384 3,702 44,820		15,290 1,484 (2,088) 553 83 (29,480) (3,116) 2,155 (1,653) 1,648 (17,634) 3,155 (24,820)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		163,640		163,640		192,803		29,163
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out		(110,306)	) <del>perturbation</del>	(110,306)	-	32,989	***************************************	143,295
Total other financing sources (uses)		(110,306)		(110,306)		32,989	-	143,295
Net change in fund balance		53,334		53,334	-	225,792	-	172,458
Fund balance - July 1 Prior period adjustment		1,656,403	Special Control of the Control of th	1,656,403		1,656,403 19,230	-	19,230
Fund balance - July 1, restated		1,656,403	-	1,656,403		1,675,633		19,230
Fund balance - June 30	\$	1,709,737	\$	1,709,737	\$	1,901,425	\$	191,688

## SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OTHER THAN PENSIONS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

The following table provides required supplementary information regarding the District's postemployment healthcare benefits.

## SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

						Unfunded				
	Actu	arial Accrued	Ad	ctuarial	Act	uarial Accrued		Annual	UAAL	
Actuarial	Lia	bility (AAL)	V	alue of		Liability	Funded	Covered	as a %	
Valuation	E	Entry Age Assets				(UAAL)	Status	Payroll	of payroll	
Date		(a)		(b)		(a-b)	(b/a)	( c)	([a-b]/c)	
6/30/2012	\$	31,100	\$	-	\$	31,100	0%	\$ 597,721	5.2%	
6/30/2013	\$	31,100	\$	-	\$	31,100	0%	\$ 563,216	5.5%	
6/30/2014	\$	38,332	\$	-	\$	38,332	0%	\$ 604,619	6.3%	
7/1/2014	\$	174,250	\$	-	\$	174,250	0%	\$ 303,003	57.5%	

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last 10 Years\*

As of June 30, 2016

The following table provides required supplementary information regarding the District's Pension Plan.

	2016		2	015
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.00994%		0.00998%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	682,047	\$	621,010
Covered- employee payroll	\$	619,826	\$	413,539
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll		110.04%		150.17%
Plan's total pension liability	\$31,771	1,217,402	\$30,82	9,966,631
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$24,907	7,305,871	\$24,60	7,502,515
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		78.40%		79.82%

<sup>\*-</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Years\*

As of June 30, 2016

The following table provides required supplementary information regarding the District's Pension Plan.

	2016	2015				
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 109,190	\$ 95,817				
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	109,190	95,817 \$ -				
Covered- employee payroll	\$ 655,035	\$ 619,826				
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	16.67%	15.46%				
Notes to Schedule						
Valuation Date:	6/30/2014					
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:						
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age					
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market					
Discount rate Price Inflation Salary increases	7.50% 2.75% Varies by Entry Age a	nd Service				
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% Net of Pension Expenses; includes inf	Plan Investment and Administrative Flation				
Mortality	Derived using CalPER	s' Membership data for all funds.				
Post Retirement Benefit		2.75% until Purchasing Power Floor on Purchasing Power applies,				
Valuation Date:	6/30/2015					
Discount rate	7.65%					

<sup>\*-</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2016

ASSETS	Ba	yridge		ista de Oro		rainage		arks and ecreation		Total
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	1,663 936	\$	327	\$	312,196 2,738	\$	209 305,629	\$	314,068 305,629 4,001
Total assets	\$	2,599	\$	327	\$	314,934	\$	305,838	\$	623,698
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	1,424	.\$	877 11,136	\$	801	\$	-	\$	3,102 11,136
Total liabilities	-	1,424		12,013	-	801				14,238
Fund Balances: Restricted Unassigned		1,175		(11,686)		314,133		305,838		621,146 (11,686)
Total fund balances (deficit)		1,175		(11,686)		314,133		305,838		609,460
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,599	\$	327	\$	314,934	\$	305,838	\$	623,698

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Bayridge	Vista de Oro	Drainage	Parks and Recreation	Total
	Buyrrage		Dramage	Recreation	Total
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 8,895	\$ 327	\$ 22,932	\$ -	\$ 32,154
Special taxes and assessments			93,293	30 Kor	93,293
Service charges and fees	54,081	15,441			69,522
Use of money and property			332	873	1,205
Other	109,848	-	239	( <del>************************************</del>	110,087
Total revenues	172,824	15,768	116,796	873	306,261
Expenditures:					
Personnel	19,535	10,052	32,268		61,855
Contract services	406	403	172		981
Equipment and tools	65	38	38		141
Insurance, licenses, and regulatory fees	2,237	1,527	8,571		12,335
Legal and professional	6,234	3,670	7,304	8 5	17,208
Office expenses	13	5,0.0	1,010		1,023
Rent and utilities	11,850	5,400	4,145		21,395
Repairs and maintenance	265,561	28	3,597		269,186
Travel and training			19		19
Vehicle maintenance and repairs	665	333	1,411		2,409
Total expenditures	306,566	21,451	58,535		386,552
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(133,742)	(5,683)	58,261	873	(80,291)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	109,828				109,828
Transfers out	*	(10,819)	(43,083)	-	(53,902)
Total other financing sources (uses)	109,828	(10,819)	(43,083)		55,926
Net change in fund balance	(23,914)	(16,502)	15,178	873	(24,365)
Fund balances - July 1	25,089	4,816	298,955	304,965	633,825
Fund balances (deficit) - June 30	\$ 1,175	\$ (11,686)	\$ 314,133	\$ 305,838	\$ 609,460