LOS OSOS COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

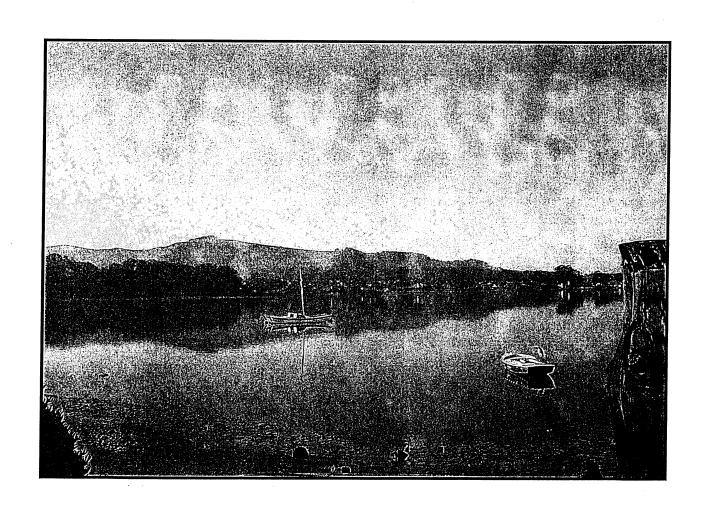
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			
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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



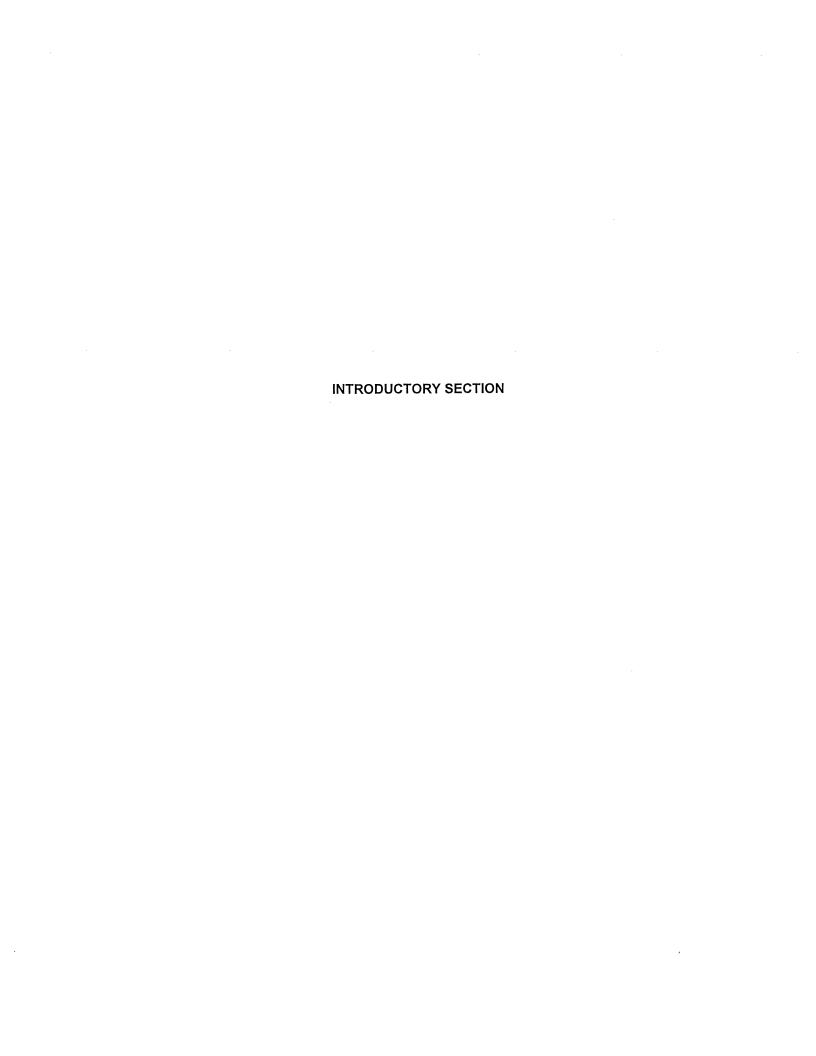
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LOS OSOS COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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LOS OSOS COMMUNITY SERVICE DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2014

THE DISTRICT

The Los Osos Community Services District (District), a political subdivision of the State of California, was formed on January 1, 1999 pursuant to Ballot Measure K-98. The District was formed to provide services previously provided by San Luis Obispo County (County) in specific benefit zones of what was formerly County Service Area 9. After formation, the District added solid waste service providing service to all properties in the District. The District operates pursuant to Section 61000 of the California Government Code. The District's powers include Fire Protection, Water, Street Lighting, Drainage, Solid Waste and Parks and Recreation Services. Governed by a five-member elected at large Board of Directors, it operations are staffed and managed by a general manager.

The District comprises an area of approximately 3,443 acres or 5.38 square miles. The area is more commonly known as the communities of Los Osos and Baywood Park. It is located by a coastline adjoining the Montana de Oro State Park on its southwesterly boundary and the Morro Bay Nation Estuary and the Morro Bay State Park at its northern boundary. With such an idyllic location, the community has some exposure to tourism. However, absent extensive accommodations and other facilities in the District that cater to the tourism industry, the District receives no significant economic benefit from tourism. The adjoining communities such as the cities or Morro Bay and San Luis Obispo, have structures that fill the void.

STATISTICAL INFORMATION

Zip Code: 93402 Los Osos, California

2.p 0000. 30402 203 0303, 04moma	Los Osos	<u>California</u>
Current Population:	13,785	39.88M
Median Age:	49 Years	35 Years
Median Household Income:	\$72,563	\$59,859
Average Household New Worth:	\$703,736	\$667,573
Average Home Price:	\$478,026	\$401,525
Los Osos Rental Market: 4 BR	\$4,250 (\$3,566 SLO County)	\$5,805

Education Statistics:

11% of residents 18 and over graduated from High School and 41% completed a Bachelor's degree or higher, which is 6% higher than that of SLO County

Income data and Education statistics sourced from census, 2015

FUNDS MAINTAINED BY THE DISTRICT

Fund 100 – Administration (General Fund)

The Administration Fund provides centralized inter-fund services to all the other funds of the District. The Administration Fund provides overall management, human resources functions, payroll services, computer systems hardware and software, financial accounting, legal, consulting services, website management and other services as it pertains to the District as a whole. This fund expenses items that are attributed to these operations, however, this Department receives no direct funding, general revenue or generates revenues.

Fund 200 - Bayridge

Bayridge is a subdivision in the District that has a dedicated residential community septic system. There are 147 parcels in this subdivision. The fund provides septic management, storm water drainage, streetlight, and open space management. The key source of funding is assessments for service charges on property owners and General Property Taxes grandfathered into the Prop 13 allocation.

Fund 301 - Fire and Emergency Services

The District contracts for Fire and Emergency Services through a Cooperative Fire Protection Agreement with CAL FIRE for the entire community. Cal Fire staff and District Reserve Firefighters provide fire protection and life safety services for all lands and properties within the District boundaries as well as participating in automatic and mutual aid with other agencies. All personnel from CAL Fire and South Bay Fire Reserves are trained as a member of a fire

^{*}Sourced from Realtor.com

crew to respond effectively to protect life and property during emergencies that can range from structural firefighting, wildland firefighting, vehicle accidents, first-air medical response (or higher), hazardous materials spills and surf and trench rescue.

Fund 400 - Vista de Oro

Vista de Oro is a subdivision in Los Osos that has a dedicated residential community septic system. There are 73 parcels in this subdivision. The fund provides septic management, storm water drainage, street and open space management. The key source of funding is assessments for lighting and septic services received through the tax rolls on a per parcel basis.

Fund 500 - Water

The Water Utility Department is responsible for the management, operation and maintenance of the water system serving approximately half of the community in Los Osos and all of Baywood Park. Water operators are responsible for treatment of five groundwater supply wells, two of which employ full filtration technology for iron/manganese removal. Crews are responsible for water quality monitoring, water quality sampling, distribution system repair/maintenance, customer service, meter reading, water meter change outs, water audits, leak detection, flushing lines, and regulatory reporting compliance. The delivery of water to the District's water customers is conveyed through a network of over 27 miles of water mainlines utilizing three (3) water storage tanks and a booster pump station. Approximately 2,755 water service lines and meters serving residences and commercial businesses are connected to the distribution system. Included in the domestic water service infrastructure are 162 fire hydrants with some 585 main line valves that require periodic maintenance and inspection. This is an enterprise fund.

Fund 600 - Wastewater

This fund was used to account for the construction of a sewage treatment plant which was halted. Under special legislation Assembly Bill (AB) 2701, the project was transferred to the County of San Luis Obispo (County). The County officially accepted the project on March 15, 2011. This fund functioned to serve the debt associated with the aborted project. Previously the fund was used to account for the expenses related to the District's bankruptcy filing which resulted from the aborted project.

Fund 650 - Solid Waste

Solid Waste fund provided trash, cleanup and recycling services to the community. Trash and recycling services are provided by Mission Country Disposal and the District receives a Franchise Fee. The District provided additional recycling opportunities to the community through Chipping Days. The operation was transferred along with the franchise fee effective December 31, 2013 per the final amended Debt Adjustment Plan as ordered by the bankruptcy court on October 15, 2013. At this time the District maintains the Reserve Funds.

Fund 800 - Drainage

This fund provides drainage for the community of Los Osos. The Districts primary responsibility is the operation and maintenance of four (4) pump station sites and five (5) drainage basins within the community. The District monitors and mitigates as necessary the impact of storm run offs and clearing channels from obstructions. Revenues supporting the operations are collected through property taxes and assessments.

Fund 900 - Park and Recreation

The long-term function of this fund is to provide recreation opportunities for the community of Los Osos/Baywood Park. At this time the fund is not actively providing any recreational activities. Before the creation of the District, the County collected assessments for a pool and recreational activities. A subsequent vote to continue these assessments failed to pass. These assessments were turned over by the County to the District. The funds are invested. Discussion continues regarding the potential use of the funds.

Fiduciary Fund - Los Osos Community Services District Wastewater Assessment District No. 1. This fund is used to account for the assets held by the District in a trustee capacity which are received from the Assessment District's property owners and collected on the County tax roll in order to pay the 2002 Wastewater Improvement Bonds debt service.

Current Status of the bankruptcy filing

In 2010 the District filed its Plan for Adjustment of Debts dated October 22, 2010 (Plan). On August 8, 2011, the Bankruptcy Court entered an Order Confirming the LOCSD Debt Adjustment Plan. On April 22, 2012, the favorable decision of the Bankruptcy Court was upheld by the U.S. District Court on the first appeal. On May 9, 2012, the same creditor filed a second appeal before the U.S. Court of Appeals, Ninth circuit. The Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals required court-ordered mediation. As a result of the mediation, the parties agreed to and executed a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release on May 14, 2013 (Settlement Agreement). The Plan and Settlement Agreement as confirmed resolved all the claims under the jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court which included approximately \$12.2 million in general unsecured creditor claims. On July 19, 2013, the district filed its Second Amended Plan for Adjustment of Debts as further Amended by non-material modifications consistent with the terms of the Settlement Agreement. On October 15, 2013, the Honorable Robin L. Riblet, Judge, United States Bankruptcy Court, Central District of California, Northern Division issued an order granting the motion for approval of the Second Amended Plan

for Adjustment of Debts (Amended Plan). The Amended Plan as stipulated to by all the parties resolves all the lawsuits and claims arising from the District's former Wastewater Project. On December 23, 2013, the District received funding from the County of San Luis Obispo to assist with prorated payment amounts due to the general unsecured Class 8 creditors. On February 7, 2014, the District made payments to the same Class 8 creditors totaling \$4,994,711.65 or forty-one percent (41%) of their claim. On April 3, 2014, Judge Robin L. Riblet entered an Order Closing Chapter 9 Case.

Under the Amended Plan, the County of San Luis Obispo pays in full over time the holders of the bonds issued in connection with the former wastewater project. The bond holders are secured by the assessment on the real property of those District residents living in the Prohibition Zone (Zone K). The assessments are collected through the County Tax Rolls and the County transmits the payments directly to US Bank. The District has an obligation to pay the California Infrastructure & Development Bank and continues to make its semi-annual debt service and interest payments per the terms of the amortization schedule for the improvements to the District's water system. Under the Amended Plan the District was not obligated to pay the claim for the Regional Water Quality Control Board for fines assessed against the District. The fines were assessed for failure to complete the construction of a community sewer system by August 30, 2004. The claim was subordinated and conditioned: 1) Plan approval; 2) County proceeds with the wastewater project; 3) District provides a draft water conservation plan. All three conditions were met. The claim by the State Water Resources Control Board arises from a loan the Board made to the District to build the former wastewater project. With the approval of the Amended Plan and the County financing the current Wastewater Treatment Facility with State Revolving Funds, the Control Board did not receive distribution.

The Class 5 Secured Claim of MBIA Insurance Corp. arose out of the bonds that were issued by District to fund part of the old Wastewater Treatment Facility. MBIA was the insurer of those bonds. The Bond indenture required the District to maintain certain bond proceeds in reserve and segregate them (\$1,158,500) to a Debt Service Reserve Fund. The Amended Plan requires the District make \$25,000 payments per year as reimbursement to the Bond Redemption Reserve from the Administrative Charge allowed by the bond documents. The order stated the fund shall be paid \$25,000 per year from the annual assessment overhead charges collect by the County until the Claim is paid in full without interest. Each annual payment will be made by the County at the time the County collects the assessments and makes payments to US Bank. This allows the District to repay according to the Amended Plan the balance of the claim of \$450,000 as of October 15, 2013. Analysis and reconciliation in cooperation with US Bank Trustee since that date and to present, revealed the balance owed by the District as of June 30, 2015 is \$296,834.

Status of Wastewater Recycling Facility (sewer project)

On January 1, 2007, AB 2701 became effective. This special legislation (codified as Government Code Sections 25825.5 and 61105) transferred the responsibility for constructing a wastewater collection and treatment facility to the County of San Luis Obispo. It provides that after the County completes a due diligence review of the various aspects of the project, the County has to adopt a resolution declaring its intention to proceed or not to proceed with the construction and operation of a project. After several exhaustive proceedings that spanned over a number of years and included several hearings and appeals process before the California Coastal Commission to obtain a development permit, the County passed a resolution on March 15, 2011, to proceed with the project. After completion, the Wastewater Recycling Facility will be operated by the County for a minimum of five years before considering alternatives contingent upon approval from various funding agencies.

The County's project is actively proceeding. Contractors started digging in late October 2012. The infrastructure for the collection system was installed in the roads throughout the District. The system is anticipated to be operable by spring of 2016.

Impact on the Assets

AB 2701 dictated that all assets acquired by the District intended for the Wastewater Recycling project be transferred to the County when requested for use in the County's successor project without any financial remuneration. In addition, any assets so acquired by the District in the aborted project could not be disposed of without the County's approval. The District's Capital Assets were adjusted in the financial statements for this fiscal year. This adjustment was necessary because the Class 8 General Unsecured Creditors were paid on February 7, 2014. The bankruptcy was officially discharged by entering an Order Closing Chapter 9 Case on April 3, 2014.

The Bankruptcy Court order as part of the findings that the District create a Disputed Reserve Bank Account. This fund is where the District is required to deposit any monies surrendered by various creditors. This court order requires the District keep the money in a separate account and on deposit until February 7, 2016. At that time any and all funds remaining are the property of the District.

The final settlement amount was \$4,994,711.65. The funds were comprised of the remaining SRF Loan balance of \$1,394,711.65, County of San Luis Obispo transfer of Franchise Agreement of \$2.8 million, County of San Luis Obispo funding of \$772,029 and LOCSD monies of \$27,971.

Impact on Liabilities

Allowed claims of the Class 8 General Unsecured creditors against the District totals in excess of \$12 million. Below is the final list of creditors and the amounts paid to each creditor as per the Amended Plan. The District did not pay the claims of the Regional Water Quality Control Board and State Water Resources Board. Additionally the District is paying the claim of MBIA as ordered by the court to US Bank.

Name of Creditor AGP Video Airgas West Al's Septic Allstar Fire Equipment American Compressor	Amount 3,870.00 126.71	Rate 0.41002419	Payment
Airgas West Al's Septic Allstar Fire Equipment			1,587
Al's Septic Allstar Fire Equipment		0.41002419	52
Allstar Fire Equipment	4,442.06	0.41002419	1,821
• •	1,598.46	0.41002419	655
, anonour compressor	2,727.17	0.41002419	1,118
Associated Backflow	55.00	0.41002419	23
Barnard Construction Company	5,540,314.00	0.41002419	2,271,663 **
Basic Chemical Solutions	419.50	0.41002419	172
Bridges Lock & Key	68.73	0.41002419	28
Citibank South Dakota dba Conoco	749.70	0.41002419	307
Cleath & Associates	10,053.73	0.41002419	4,122
Coast Electronics	26.80	0.41002419	11
Copy Spot & More	54.02	0.41002419	22
Dell Financial Services	750.75	0.41002419	308
Depart of Health Drinking Water Program	2,521.22	0.41002419	1,034
Ferguson Enterprises Inc	144.79	0.41002419	59
Forms 2020-Acct Office & Sales	106.08	0.41002419	43
Gentry, Lenora O	3,299.06	0.41002419	1,353
Law Offices of Gary J Grimm	252.00	0.41002419	103
Hawley, Cynthia, Esq.	78,000.00	0.41002419	31,982
Info Technology Dept. Business Services	155.23	0.41002419	64
IRS	140,303.00	0.41002419	57,528
IRS	42.57	0.41002419	17
Langfeldt, Pamela & Hans	3,299.06	0.41002419	1,353
Life Assist, Inc.	791.03	0.41002419	324
McNeil, John & Vivian	6,395.48	0.41002419	2,622
Merrill, Frank	4,950.93	0.41002419	2,030
Miners Ace Hardware	676.71	0.41002419	277
Monterey Mechanical	4,600,000.00	0.41002419	1,886,111 *
Morro Bay Tire & Auto	108.27	0.41002419	44
Mussey, Mr. & Mrs. C.D.	3,299.06	0.41002419	1,353
Noble Saw, Inc	91.67	0.41002419	38
Oasis Equipment Rental	43.20	0.41002419	18
Office Depot PG&E	602.07	0.41002419	247
Platinum Plus for Business	22,300.62	0.41002419	9,144
Poor Richards Press	2,444.34	0.41002419	1,002
Premium Assignment Corp	807.59	0.41002419	331
Raminha Construction	49,462.24	0.41002419	20,281
Ripley Pacific Company	37,417.00 80,274.65	0.41002419	15,342 32,915
San Luis Obispo County Environmental Health	32.50	0.41002419	32,915 13
San Luis Obispo County Environmental Health San Luis Obispo Newspapers	32.50 38.88	0.41002419 0.41002419	13 16
Select Business Systems	1,800.50	0.41002419	738
Shipsey & Seitz	7,749.00	0.41002419	3,177
SLO Public Works Department	39,572.26	0.41002419	16,226

Software Optimization Specialists	5,280.00	0.41002419	2,165
South Bay Community Center	1,946.25	0.41002419	798
Staley, Richard & Paulette	3,464.01	0.41002419	1,420
State Water Resources Control Board	872.00	0.41002419	358
Tutt Tree & Crane Services	300.00	0.41002419	123
Local 76 Phillips 66 Conoco 76	957.82	0.41002419	393
Van Blarcom Leibold McClendon & Mann	23,515.39	0.41002419	9,642
Wallace Group	14,863.57	0.41002419	6,094
Whitaker Contractors, Inc	1,287,500.00	0.41002419	527,906
Willdan	91,257.41	0.41002419	37,418
Wilvert, Cal & Rosemary	3,299.06	0.41002419	1,353
WRA & Associates	96,011.80	0.41002419	39,367
Total	12,181,504.95		4,994,711.65
Calcs based on formula	12,181,504.95		
Dollars Available			4,994,711.65
Difference	0.00	•	0.00
Notes:			
*Bank of the West (shared claim)			1,639,783.00
*Monterey Mechanical Co (shared claim)			246,328
**Claim assigned to Monterey Mechanical Co			2,271,663

District's Future Financial Viability

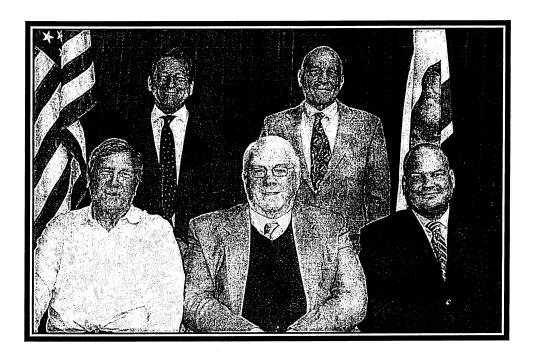
The Bankruptcy Court approved the Amended Plan on October 9, 2013 and issued the order on October 15, 2013. This plan allowed the District to pay off its creditors and debtors according to the approved plan and the calculations as shown above. With the Bankruptcy settlement, the District stability continues to improve. Through hard work and persistence, the District succeeded in getting all parties to agree on the Amended Plan.

The District in cooperation with the other ISJ participants released the Draft Basin Management Plan in August 2013. This release is an important first step in resolving the remaining legal battle still faced by the District. This Draft Plan was the final requirement of the Regional Water Quality Control Board in an effort to conclude the bankruptcy. The District received two grants. One from Public Education from the County for \$30,000 and one from Proposition 84 for \$645,980.

The Public Education Grant from the County was for equipment that enhanced the PEG channel in Los Osos. This Grant was spent over a two year period for the improvements. The Proposition 84 grant in the amount of \$645,980 is for a nitrate removal project at the South Bay Upper Aquifer well site which is a requirement by the State. The District is fortunate to receive these funds. The Board of Directors awarded the contract to Joh Madonna Construction Company and the District anticipates completion during FY 2014-2015.

The District Board and management are confident the financial stability of the agency can be kept in good condition and the overall credit rating of the agency improved to allow for the construction of future projects.



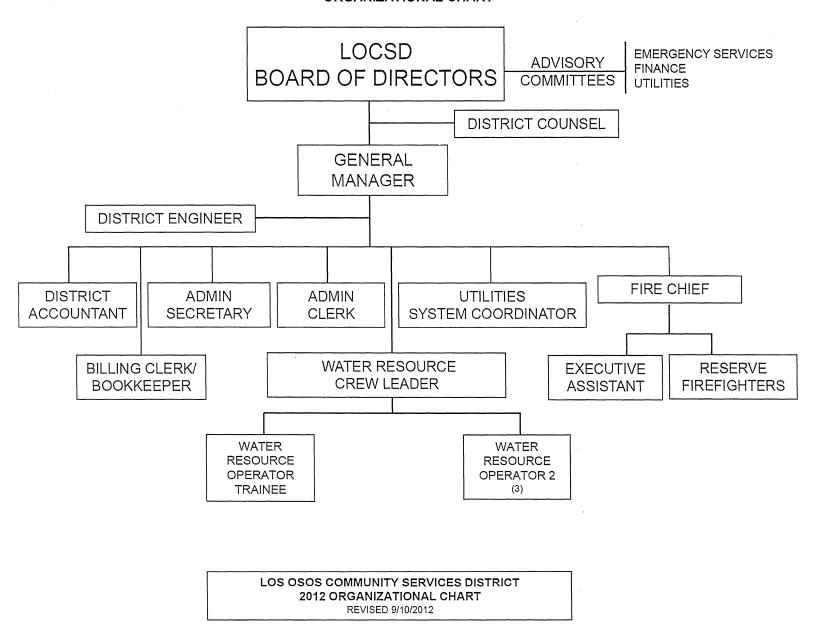


DIRECTORS

R. Michael Wright, President

Marshall E. Ochylski, Vice President Charles L. Cesena, Director Jon-Erik G. Storm, Director Louis G. Tornatzky, Director

LOS OSOS COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART









PARTNERS RONALD A LEVY, CPA CRAIG A HARTZHEIM, CPA HADLEY Y HUI, CPA ALEXANDER C HOM, CPA ADAM V GUISE, CPA TRAVIS J HOLE, CPA

2400 PROFESSIONAL PARKWAY, SUITE 205 SANTA MARIA, CA 93455 TEL: 805-925-2579 FAX: 805-925-2147 www.mlhcpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors of the Los Osos Community Services District Los Osos, California

We were engaged to audit the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Los Osos Community Services District (District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Because of the matter described in the following paragraph, however, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for audit opinions.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

The District lacked complete accounting records of compensated absences and had weak internal controls due to the excessive amount of journal entries that were made to correct account balances. Accordingly, it was not practicable for us to extend our audit beyond the amounts recorded.

Disclaimer of Opinion

Because of the significance of the matters discussed in the preceding paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for audit opinions. Accordingly, we do not express opinions on these basic financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 1 to the basic financial statements effective July 1, 2013, the Los Osos Community Services District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10, the budgetary comparison information on pages 41 and 42, and the schedule of funding progress for postemployment benefits on page 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Los Osos Community Services District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining nonmajor fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 26, 2015, on our consideration of the Los Osos Community Services District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Moss, Leny & Hartgreim LLP

Santa Maria, California August 26, 2015

LOS OSOS COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30. 2014

BACKGROUND

The Los Osos Community Services District (the District), a political subdivision of the State of California, was formed on January 1, 1999, pursuant to Ballot Measure K-98 to provide services previously provided by the County of San Luis Obispo (County) in specific benefit zones of what was formerly County Service Area 9. After formation, the District added solid waste services providing service to all properties in the District. The District operates pursuant to Section 61000 of the California Government Code. Currently authorized to provide Fire Protection, Water, Street Lighting, Wastewater, Solid Waste, Drainage, and Parks and Recreation Services, in December 2013, Solid Waste operations were transferred upon finalization of the bankruptcy. The District operates two community septic collection systems pursuant to the wastewater function. The Parks and Recreation function is currently inactive and the only activity is holding in trust and investing funds representing assessments levied for a community pool more than seven years ago. Discussions on activating this function are on-going and pursuance of this goal will be addressed in the future. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Directors with an operations staff headed by a general manager.

As management of the Los Osos Community Services District, we offer readers of the LOSCSD's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2014.

We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we furnish in our letter of transmittal and the District's financial statement.

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The basic financial statements include four components. 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the basic financial statements, and 4) required supplementary information. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned and unused employee vacation balances).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (business-

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

type activities). The governmental activities of the District include fire protection, parks and recreation, drainage, general government and street lighting. The business-type activities of the District include water, wastewater, and solid waste.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are in two categories, namely, governmental and proprietary.

In a few instances where trust accounts are held, trust liability accounts are used in the related fund instead of being held in a separate fiduciary category of funds. For future years, the wastewater fund will be treated as a fiduciary category for the accounting of the on-going wastewater assessments.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. For the purposes of government funds there are currently no long-term debt obligations.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds organized according to their type: general and special revenue. The District does not currently have debt service and capital projects types in the governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds' balance sheet and in the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Fire Fund with all other funds presented into an aggregate column. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds (Bayridge, Vista de Oro, Drainage, Parks and Recreation) is provided in the form of combining statements found in the other supplementary information section of this report.

A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and the Fire Fund to demonstrate compliance with budgetary laws of the State of California and policies and ordinances approved by the District's Board of Directors. This statement is shown under the required supplementary section of the report. Individual budgetary data for each of the non-major governmental funds (Bayridge, Vista de Oro, Drainage, Parks and Recreation) is not presented.

Proprietary Funds

There are two types of funds classified as proprietary, namely, enterprise and internal service funds. The District only maintains the enterprise type of proprietary funds. The District uses three enterprise funds to

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

account for its water, wastewater, and solid waste activities. These three enterprise funds are presented in individual columns in the fund financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Waste Water and the Solid Waste Funds were eliminated upon the completion of the implementation the Second Amended Plan for Adjustment of Debts for the Los Osos Community Services District as further amended by non-material modifications as ordered by the Bankruptcy Court effective October 15, 2013. The activity in Solid Waste Fund was transferred to the County of San Luis Obispo effective December 31, 2013. Effective June 30, 2014, the District transferred the remaining activity of the Wastewater Fund to a Wastewater Fiduciary Fund for the reporting of the remainder of the bond payments being collected through the San Luis Obispo County Tax Rolls.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information (RSI) that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Comparison of Budget to Actual for major governmental funds is shown under this caption.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information presents data that, although not required, is necessary to provide the reader of the basic financial statements more details to promote understanding of the statements as a whole. The combining statements for the non-major governmental funds are presented here.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TABLE A Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

		June 30, 2014			June 30, 2013	1	Total Change		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Amount Change	Percent Change	
Assets:	of the same of the control of the co		CONTRACT OF CONTRACT CONTRACT OF CONTRACT CONTRA		The strains and the strains of the s	and the second s		Samuel Company of the	
Current assets	\$ 2,732,808	\$ 2,694,622	\$5,427,430	\$ 2,106,461	\$ 5,254,539	\$ 7,361,000	\$ (1,933,570)	-26.3%	
Capital assets	870,851	5,773,555	6,644,406	996,671	27,666,267	28,662,938	(22,018,532)	-76.8%	
Other non-current assets	-	-	-	-	532,314	532,314	(532,314)	-100.0%	
Total Assets	3,603,659	8,468,177	12,071,836	3,103,132	33,453,120	36,556,252	(24,484,416)	-67.0%	
Liabilities:									
Current Liabilities	\$ 40,187	\$ 478,525	\$ 518,712	\$ 594,471	\$ 1,157,144	\$1,751,615	\$ (1,232,903)	-70.4%	
Long-Term Liabilities	37,817	4,433,348	4,471,165	132,414	25,593,549	25,725,963	(21,254,798)	-82.6%	
Total Liabilities	78,004	4,911,873	4,989,877	726,885	26,750,693	27,477,578	\$ (22,487,701)	-81.8%	
Net Position:									
Net investment in		make a contract of the second	a sing a ting maghacian and contained translations of the	Continue and a facilitative and the above to the Continue to the	ggagaggaanie y een einsterneen einstellenderholmster	Const. of the Statement of the Statement of the Statement of the Statement of State	The state of the s	Name and the same and the same and	
capital assets	\$ 870,851	\$ 1,660,660	\$ 2,531,511	\$ 996,671	\$ 2,641,110	\$ 3,637,781	\$ (1,106,270)	-30.4%	
Restricted	1,974,313		\$1,974,313	1,607,668	2,711,646	4,319,314	(2,345,001)	-54.3%	
Unrestricted	680,491	1,895,644	\$ 2,576,135	(228,092)	1,354,671	1,126,579	1,449,556	128.7%	
Total Net Position	\$ 3,525,655	\$ 3,556,304	\$ 7,081,959	2,376,247	6,707,427	9,083,674	(2,001,715)	-22.0%	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS CONTINUED

TABLE B Statement of Activities June 30, 2014

and the second s		June 30, 2014	!) }	Total Change		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	1	Amount Chang
Revenues:	and the same same same of the same same same same same same same sam		Part of the contract and the same factor and t		The second of the second section is a second		
Program revenues:			The second constitution to a new material		The second control of the second of	are the first first consideration of the section and the first section of the sec	
Charges for services	\$ 150,613	\$ 2,203,494	\$ 2,354,107	\$ 777,189	\$ 1,909,101	\$ 2,686,290	\$ (332,183
Operating Grants and Contributions	7,549	42,023	49,572	62,814		62,814	(13,242
General Revenues:						Pro Section - Bill subdification in the condition and burget and	100
Property Taxes	1,651,294	188,431	1,839,725	1,542,643	176,269	1,718,912	120,813
Other Taxes	586,287	14,700	600,987	582,889	1,156,960	1,739,849	(1,138,862
Interest and Investment Income	2,024	9,584	11,608	5,820	9,174	14,994	(3,386
Other Revenues	72,602	32,012	104,614	10,304	28,734	39,038	65,576
Sale of Franchise	-	2,800,000	2,800,000	-	-	-	2,800,000
Total Revenues	2,470,369	5,290,244	7,760,613	2,981,659	3,280,238	6,261,897	1,498,716
Expenses:			Control (March 2004) (March 2004) (March 2004)	Anny field publicate house residence and control of the control of	morenia. La la la como de constitución de cons		and a section of the section of the
General Government as restated	\$ 581,522	\$ -	\$ 581,522	\$ 627,781	\$ -	\$ 627,781	\$ (46,259
Public Safety	1,997,973	-	1,997,973	2,073,324	-	2,073,324	(75,351
Health and Sanitation	87,864	-	87,864	149,572	-	149,572	(61,708
Street Lighting	7,217	-	7,217	6,816		6,816	401
Water		1,409,252	1,409,252	_	1,670,704	1,670,704	(261,452
Wastewater Treatment	-	66,988	66,988	-	855,353	855,353	(788,365
Solid Waste	-	1,680	1,680	-	82,956	82,956	(81,276)
Total Expenses	2,674,576	1,477,920	4,152,496	2,857,493	2,609,013	5,466,506	\$ (1,314,010)
Extraordinary item - Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment	688,167	(19,145,379)	(18,457,212)	The second secon	# Durat Institute Associate Print of the Control & Immediation Control	Audit au speit, et au t geen nittern et e steen dien au rend	\$ (18,457,212)
Net Transfers	\$ 545,699	\$ (545,699)	\$ - [\$ 19,748	\$ (19,748)	\$ -	\$ -
Change in Net Position	1,029,659	(15,878,754)	\$ (14,849,095)	143,914	651,477	795,391	(15,644,486)
Net position, beginning	2,376,247	6,707,427	\$ 9,083,674	2,232,333	6,055,950	8,288,283	795,391
rior Period Adjustments	119,749	12,727,631	12,847,380	CE THE STREET OF THE STREET AND A STREET STR	-		12,847,380
Net Position, ending	\$ 3,525,655	\$ 3,556,304	\$ 7,081,959	2,376,247	6,707,427	9,083,674	(2,001,715)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Analysis of Overall Financial Position and Results of Operations

Statement of Net Position

At the end of fiscal year June 30, 2014, the district is able to report positive balances in both the district as a whole as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The total assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2014 by \$7,081,959.

The District's net position reflects its investments in capital assets, less any related debt that is still outstanding used to acquire that debt. Although the District's investment in its Capital Assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other resources. This debt must be provided from other sources since the Capital Assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the liabilities.

The District as a whole has had a positive trend in unrestricted net position. The key component of Net Position that indicates the health of the District is the Unrestricted Net Position in the amount of \$2,576,135.

The District should be able to maintain a positive trend with the implementation of timely financial reporting, extensive mid-year reviews and adjustments, and continual monitoring of all funds activities. Completing these processes will help ensure that the District has no going concern problems.

Statement of Activities

Overall, the results of operations as shown in the Statement of Activities has a decrease in Net Position of \$2,001,715. Total revenues increased over the prior year by 24.0% or \$1,498,716. Property taxes increased by \$120,813. This continuing increase is in agreement with the trend in the rest of the County.

Overall expenses in Governmental Activities decreased by a modest \$182,917. This is a result of staff monitoring expenditures and insuring accuracy of reports to various agencies. Total expenses in Business-Type Activities decreased by \$1,131,093. In this case also, staff monitored expenditures very carefully to insure accurate report and tracking of costs. This is also a result of the implementation of the MIP financial software.

The Sale of the Solid Waste Franchise in the amount of \$2,800,000 was recorded in the current fiscal year. This coincided with Class 8 Creditor payments as outlined in the Second Amended Plan as order by the Bankruptcy Court.

Investment Income was down a modest amount of \$3,386. The Board of Director's is considering for future discussion making modifications to the current investments policy of the District.

TABLE C Capital Assets June 30, 2014

		June 30, 2014	100	June 30, 2013			Total Change	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Amount Change	
Land and Land Rights	57,375	498,429	555,804	57,375	498,429	\$ 555,804	\$ -	
Construction in Progress		390,567	390,567	546,720	22,083,506	22,630,226	(22,239,659)	
Buildings, Structures, and Improvements	515,116	5,000	520,116	515,116	5,000	520,116	_	
Infrastructure	237,756	8,578,174	8,815,930	237,756	8,571,773	8,809,529	6,401	
Equipment and Systems	1,466,215	434,172	1,900,387	1,144,226	434,172	1,578,398	321,989	
Total Cost	2,276,462	9,906,342	12,182,804	2,501,193	31,592,880	34,094,073	(21,911,269)	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,405,611)	(4,132,787)	(5,538,398)	(1,504,522)	(3,926,613)	(5,431,135)	107,263	
Net Position, ending	\$ 870,851	\$ 5,773,555	\$ 6,644,406	996,671	27,666,267	28,662,938	(22,018,532)	

In fiscal year 2013/14, assets were reconciled to physical inventory. The biggest reclassification was to Construction in Progress for the assets of the Wastewater Fund. The decrease of \$22,018,532 was due to the finalization of the bankruptcy and the write-off of the assets associated with that project.

TABLE D Long-Term Debt June 30, 2014

A COLLEGE CONTROL OF THE SECOND CONTROL OF THE CONT		June 30, 2014		0 70	Total Change		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Amount Change
Compensated Absences	\$ 31,306	\$ 29,206	\$ 60,512	\$ 31,306	\$ 29,206	\$ 60,512	\$ -
PERS Side Fund	-	-		96,456	-	\$ 96,456	(96,456)
Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation	6,511	12,244	18,755	4,652	6,872	\$ 11,524	7,231
Improvement bonds - 2002 Issue	-		-	-	14,820,000	\$ 14,820,000	(14,820,000)
Note Payable - CIEDB loan	-	4,112,895	4,112,895	-	4,251,327	4,251,327	(138,432)
Note Payable - CA Resources Control Board	-			-	6,486,144	6,486,144	(6,486,144)
Loan Payable to Fiduciary Fund		279,003	279,003		Anny Charles of Annual Community of the		279,003
Total	\$ 37,817	\$ 4,433,348	\$ 4,471,165	\$ 132,414	\$ 25,593,549	\$ 25,725,963	\$ (21,254,798)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS CONTINUED)

Long-term debt totals \$4,471,165. The decrease of \$21,254,798 represents principal payments as shown in amortization tables, as well the transfer of the 2002 Wastewater Bonds to a fiduciary fund. The note payable due to the California Resources Control Board of \$6,486,144 is a claim that was filed and settled in Bankruptcy Court and which the State agreed to settle. The last remaining condition was fulfilled when the District's Second Amended Plan was approved by the Bankruptcy Court.

The other debts are discussed fully in Note 6.

Significant Events or Disclosures

The Bankruptcy Court approved the District's Debt Adjustment Plan on August 8, 2011. This was appealed by a key creditor on August 22, 2011. The United States District Court confirmed the decision of the Bankruptcy Court on April 2, 2012. On May 14, 2013 the Second Amended Plan and Settlement Agreement was approved by the Bankruptcy Court. The financial statements for the fiscal year reflect the changes that occurred with the implementation of the Second Amended Plan. Under the Second Amended Plan, the County of San Luis Obispo contributed \$2.8 million and in return the District transferred to the County the Solid Waste function along with its related annual Franchise Fee revenue of approximately \$180,000. The Bankruptcy Order was entered October 15, 2013. The Solid Waste transferred occurred effective December 31, 2013. The Class 8 unsecured creditors were paid on February 7, 2014. The Bankruptcy was discharged by order dated April 3, 2014. The remaining monies of SRF Loan balance of \$1,394,711.65, County funding of \$772,029 and District monies of \$27,971 together with the Solid Waste transfer, funded the total payout of \$4,994,711.65 or forty-one percent of the claim approved by the court.

The Class 5 Secured Claim of MBIA Insurance Corp. arose out of the bonds that were issued by the District to fund part of the old Wastewater Treatment Facility. MBIA was the insurer of those bonds. The Bond indenture required the District to maintain certain bond proceeds in reserve and segregate them (\$1,158,500) to a Debt Service Reserve Fund. The Amended Plan requires the District make \$25,000 payment per year as reimbursement to the Bond Redemption Reserve from the Administrative Charge allowed by the bond documents. The order stated the fund shall be paid \$25,000 per year from the annual assessment overhead charges collected by the County until the Claim is paid in full without interest. Each annual payment will be made by the County at the time the County collects the assessments and makes payments to US Bank. This allows the District to repay according to the Second Amended Plan the balance of the claim of \$450,000 as of October 15, 2013. Analysis and reconciliation in cooperation with US Bank Trustee since that date and through June 30, 2015 reflects a remaining balance due of \$296,834.

The sewer project under the independent management of the County is progressing with a lot of construction activity recently completed throughout the community. In November 2011, the District approved the transfer to the County of land parcels and easements as requested and as identified for use for the County's successor sewer project as per Assembly Bill 2701. The transfer involved no remuneration. The project is expected to be completed by spring 2016.

The Bankruptcy Court order as part of the findings that the District create a Disputed Reserve Bank Account. This fund is where the District is required to deposit any monies surrendered by various creditors or funds recouped because of District action. The court order required the District keep the money in a separate account and on deposit until February 7, 2016. At that time any and all funds remaining are the property of the District.

The District received a Proposition 84 grant in the amount of \$645,980 for a nitrate removal project at the Couth Bay Upper Aquifer well site. The contract was awarded to John Madonna Construction Company with an anticipated completion during FY 2014/2015. The District completed the purchases for the Public Education Grant for equipment to enhance the peg channel during this fiscal year. The grant was for \$30,000.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2014

		overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	2,341,713	\$	2,315,596	\$	4,657,309
Accounts receivable, net				347,107		347,107
Interest receivable		540				540
Inventory				31,919		31,919
Restricted assets-						
Cash and investments		356,378				356,378
Prepaid CalPERS side fund		34,177				34,177
Capital assets:						
Non Depreciable:						
Land		57,375		498,429		555,804
Construction in progress				390,567		390,567
Depreciable:			•			
Buildings, structures, and improvements		515,116		5,000		520,116
Infrastructure		237,756		8,578,174		8,815,930
Plant and equipment		1,466,215		434,172		1,900,387
Accumulated depreciation		(1,405,611)		(4,132,787)		(5,538,398)
Total assets		3,603,659		8,468,177	F -1	12,071,836
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		37,047		391,415		428,462
Accrued liabilities		3,140		31,332		34,472
Accrued interest payable				52,268		52,268
Deposits				3,510		3,510
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		6,540		194,659		201,199
Due in more than one year		31,277		4,238,689		4,269,966
Total liabilities		78,004		4,911,873		4,989,877
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		870,851		1,660,660		2,531,511
Restricted for:						
Fire and emergency services		304,752				304,752
Equipment replacement		444,045				444,045
Capital outlay		918,838				918,838
Bayridge functions		28,586				28,586
Vista de Oro functions		17,387				17,387
Drainage services		260,705				260,705
Unrestricted		680,491		1,895,644		2,576,135
Total net position	\$	3,525,655	\$	3,556,304	\$	7,081,959

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

					Progra	m Revenues
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Contributions and Grants	
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$	581,522	\$	110	\$	
Public safety		1,997,973		77,641		7,549
Health and sanitation		87,864		65,645		
Street lighting		7,217		7,217		
Total governmental activities	-	2,674,576		150,613		7,549
Business-type activities:						
Water		1,409,252	•	2,158,062		42,023
Refuse		1,680		45,432		
Wastewater treatment project		66,988				
Total business-type activities	100	1,477,920		2,203,494		42,023
Total	<u></u> \$	4,152,496	\$	2,354,107	\$	49,572

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property

Special

Other

Investment income

Other general revenues

Sale of franchise

Extraordinary Item:

Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment

Transfers

Total general revenues, extraordinary item, and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of fiscal year

Prior period adjustments

Net position - end of fiscal year, restated

Net position - end of fiscal year

	• •	Net (Expenses)	Reveni	ue and Change:	s in Ne	t Position
Capital Contributions and Grants	G 	overnmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
\$ -	\$	(581,412) (1,912,783) (22,219)	\$	-	\$	(581,412) (1,912,783) (22,219)
		(2,516,414)				(2,516,414)
	***************************************		www.common	790,833 43,752 (66,988)	Materia	790,833 43,752 (66,988)
				767,597		767,597
\$ -		(2,516,414)	***************************************	767,597	-	(1,748,817)
		1,651,294 586,287		188,431		1,839,725 586,287
		2,024 72,602		14,700 9,584 32,012 2,800,000		14,700 11,608 104,614 2,800,000
	-	688,167 545,699		(19,145,379) (545,699)		(18,457,212)
		3,546,073	•	(16,646,351)		(13,100,278)
		1,029,659	-	(15,878,754)	•	(14,849,095)
		2,376,247		6,707,427		9,083,674
		119,749		12,727,631		12,847,380
		2,495,996		19,435,058		21,931,054
	\$	3,525,655	\$	3,556,304	\$	7,081,959

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2014

ounc 50, 2014	General Fund	-	Fire Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	 Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Interest receivable Due from other funds	\$ 700,663 1,517	\$	1,329,376 51,622 540	\$	311,674 304,756	\$ 2,341,713 356,378 540 1,517
Total assets	\$ 702,180	\$	1,381,538	\$	616,430	\$ 2,700,148
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Accrued compensated absences Due to other funds	\$ 16,778 1,271 6,540	\$	16,999 1,869	\$	3,270 1,517	\$ 37,047 3,140 6,540 1,517
Total liabilities	24,589		18,868		4,787	48,244
Fund Balances:						
Restricted:						
Fire and emergency services Equipment replacement			304,752 444,045			304,752 444,045
Capital outlay Bayridge functions Vista de Oro functions Drainage services			613,873		304,965 28,586 17,387 260,705	918,838 28,586 17,387 260,705
Assigned:						
Information technology Septic tank maintenance Unassigned	 28,741 15,801 633,049					28,741 15,801 633,049
Total fund balances	 677,591		1,362,670		611,643	2,651,904
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 702,180	\$	1,381,538	\$	616,430	\$ 2,700,148

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 2,651,904
CalPERS side-fund asset: In governmental funds only current a In the statement of net position, all assets are reporting incl CalPERS side-fund asset which is the net of the safety plan \$127,053 and the miscellaneous plan liability of \$92,876.	uding the		34,177
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the sall assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulate			
Capital assets at historical cost	\$	2,276,462	
Accumulated depreciation		(1,405,611)	
Net			870,851
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consists.	iabilities,		
Compensated absences payable	\$	24,766	
Other post employment benefits obligation		6,511	
Total			 (31,277)
Total net position - governmental activities			\$ 3,525,655

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Total revenues				Other	
Property taxes					
Property taxes	<u>-</u>	Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals
Special taxes and assessments					4 054 004
Intergovernmental (656) 7,549 6,883 Service charges and fees 110 72,962 72,772 72,772 72,97		\$ -			
Service charges and fees				97,681	
Public services fees	_	(656)	7,549		
Use of money and property Other 1,231 793 2,024 (2,066) Other 32 12,610 226 12,868 Total revenues (514) 2,201,599 197,284 2,398,369 Expenditures: Personnel 320,191 87,465 41,809 449,465 Clothing and uniforms 3,371 3,371 3,371 20,201,211 20,201,201 20,201,201 3,371 3,371 3,371 3,371 20,201,201 3,371 20,201,201 3,371 3,371 3,371 3,371 20,201,201 3,371<	Service charges and fees	110		72,862	
Other 32 12,610 226 12,868 Total revenues (514) 2,201,599 197,284 2,398,369 Expenditures: Personnel 320,191 67,465 41,809 449,465 Clothing and uniforms 3,371 3,371 3,371 Contract services 70,891 1,830,890 430 1,702,211 Equipment and tools 3,867 458 36,325 Financial services 8,248 5,040 458 36,325 Financial services 4,574 23,400 8,082 77,052 Chicle expenses 17,496 6,467 198 24,161 Office expenses 1,681 8,122 250 1,005 Repairs and maintenance 14,143 28,050 2,045 44,238 Tave and training 3,093 6,854 13 9,960 Capital outlay 32,487 32,487 Total expenditures 576,589 1,886,575 85,168 2,550,332 Excess of revenues over	Public services fees		66,031		66,031
Total revenues	Use of money and property		1,231	793	2,024
Expenditures: Personnel 320,191 87,465 41,809 449,465 Clothing and uniforms 3,371 3,371 3,371 3,371 Contract services 70,891 1,630,890 430 1,702,211 Equipment and tools 35,867 458 36,325 Financial services 8,248 5,040 13,288 Insurance, licenses and regulatory fees 45,574 23,400 8,082 77,056 Legal and professional 67,632 4,612 5,083 77,527 Office expenses 1,7496 6,467 198 24,161 Other expenses 1,681 8,122 250 10,053 Rent and utilities 27,640 15,588 22,998 66,226 Repairs and maintenance 14,143 28,050 2,045 44,238 Travel and training 3,093 6,854 13 9,960 Vehicle maintenance and repairs 162 3,802 3,964 Capital outlay 32,487 32,487 32,487 Total expenditures 576,589 1,886,575 85,168 2,550,332 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (577,103) 313,024 112,116 (151,963) Cther Financing Sources (Uses) 705,597 20,498 726,095 Transfers out (25,000) (103,158) (52,238) (180,996) Ctall other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 Capital other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 1,505,450 1,5	Other	32	12,610	226	12,868
Personnel 320,191 87,465 41,809 449,465 Clothing and uniforms 3,371 3,371 3,371 Contract services 70,891 1,630,890 430 1,702,211 Equipment and tools 35,867 458 36,325 Financial services 8,248 5,040 13,288 Insurance, licenses and regulatory fees 45,574 23,400 8,082 77,056 Legal and professional 67,632 4,812 5,083 77,057 Office expenses 17,496 6,467 198 24,161 Other expenses 1,681 8,122 250 10,053 Rent and utilities 27,640 15,588 22,998 66,226 Repairs and maintenance 14,143 28,050 2,045 44,238 Travel and training 3,093 6,854 13 9,960 Vehicle maintenance and repairs 162 3,802 3,864 Capital outlay 32,487 1,200 72,000 Total expenditures	Total revenues	(514)	2,201,599	197,284	2,398,369
Personnel 320,191 87,465 41,809 449,465 Clothing and uniforms 3,371 3,371 3,371 Contract services 70,891 1,630,890 430 1,702,211 Equipment and tools 35,867 458 36,325 Financial services 8,248 5,040 13,288 Insurance, licenses and regulatory fees 45,574 23,400 8,082 77,056 Legal and professional 67,632 4,812 5,083 77,057 Office expenses 17,496 6,467 198 24,161 Other expenses 1,681 8,122 250 10,053 Rent and utilities 27,640 15,588 22,998 66,226 Repairs and maintenance 14,143 28,050 2,045 44,238 Travel and training 3,093 6,854 13 9,960 Vehicle maintenance and repairs 162 3,802 3,864 Capital outlay 32,487 1,200 72,000 Total expenditures	Evnenditures				
Clothing and uniforms 3,371 3,371 3,371 Contract services 70,891 1,630,890 430 1,702,211 Equipment and tools 35,867 458 36,325 Financial services 8,248 5,040 8,082 77,056 Insurance, licenses and regulatory fees 45,574 23,400 8,082 77,056 Legal and professional 67,632 4,812 5,083 77,527 Office expenses 17,496 6,467 198 24,161 Other expenses 1,681 8,122 250 10,053 Renal dutilities 27,640 15,588 22,998 66,226 Repairs and maintenance 14,143 28,050 2,045 44,238 Travel and training 3,093 6,684 13 9,960 Vehicle maintenance and repairs 162 3,802 3,964 Capital outlay 32,487 32,487 Total expenditures 576,589 1,888,575 85,168 2,550,332 Excess of revenues		220 101	97 465	41 800	110 165
Contract services 70,891 1,630,890 430 1,702,211 Equipment and tools 35,867 458 36,325 Financial services 8,248 5,040 8,082 77,083 Insurance, licenses and regulatory fees 45,574 23,400 8,082 77,527 Office expenses 17,496 6,467 198 24,161 Other expenses 1,681 8,122 250 10,053 Rent and utilities 27,640 15,588 22,998 66,226 Repairs and maintenance 14,143 28,050 2,045 44,238 Travel and training 30,93 6,854 13 9,960 Vehicle maintenance and repairs 162 3,802 3,948 Capital outlay 32,487 32,487 Total expenditures 576,589 1,888,675 85,168 2,550,332 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (577,103) 313,024 112,116 (151,963) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 72,000 72,000 72,000		320,191		41,009	
Equipment and tools 35,867 458 36,325 Financial services 8,248 5,040 13,288 Insurance, licenses and regulatory fees 45,574 23,400 8,082 77,056 Legal and professional 67,632 4,812 5,083 77,527 Office expenses 17,496 6,467 198 24,161 Other expenses 1,681 8,122 250 10,053 Rent and utilities 27,640 15,588 22,998 66,226 Repairs and maintenance 14,143 28,050 2,045 44,238 Travel and training 3,093 6,854 13 9,960 Vehicle maintenance and repairs 162 3,802 3,964 Capital outlay 32,487 32,487 32,487 Total expenditures 576,589 1,888,575 85,168 2,550,332 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (577,103) 313,024 112,116 (151,963) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 72,000 72,000 72,000	-	70.004		100	
Financial services		70,891			
Insurance, licenses and regulatory fees	• •			458	
Legal and professional 67,632 4,812 5,083 77,527 Office expenses 17,496 6,467 198 24,161 Other expenses 1,681 8,122 250 10,053 Rent and utilities 27,640 15,588 22,998 66,226 Repairs and maintenance 14,143 26,050 2,045 44,238 Travel and training 3,093 6,854 13 9,960 Vehicle maintenance and repairs 162 3,802 3,964 Capital outlay 32,487 32,487 32,487 Total expenditures 576,589 1,888,575 85,168 2,550,332 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (577,103) 313,024 112,116 (151,963) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 72,000 72,000 72,000 72,000 Transfers in 705,597 20,498 726,095 Transfers out (25,000) (103,158) (52,238) (180,396) Total other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) </td <td></td> <td>·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		·			
Office expenses 17,496 6,467 198 24,161 Other expenses 1,681 8,122 250 10,053 Rent and utilities 27,640 15,588 22,998 66,226 Repairs and maintenance 14,143 28,050 2,045 44,238 Travel and training 3,093 6,854 13 9,960 Vehicle maintenance and repairs 162 3,802 3,964 Capital outlay 32,487 32,487 32,487 Total expenditures 576,589 1,888,575 85,168 2,550,332 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (577,103) 313,024 112,116 (151,963) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 72,000 72,000 72,000 Transfers out (25,000) (103,158) (52,238) (180,396) Total other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996	Insurance, licenses and regulatory fees	45,574	23,400	8,082	
Other expenses 1,681 8,122 250 10,053 Rent and utilities 27,640 15,588 22,998 66,226 Repairs and maintenance 14,143 28,050 2,045 44,238 Travel and training 3,093 6,854 13 9,964 Vehicle maintenance and repairs 162 3,802 3,964 Capital outlay 32,487 32,487 32,487 Total expenditures 576,589 1,888,575 85,168 2,550,332 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (577,103) 313,024 112,116 (151,963) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 72,000 72,000 72,000 Transfers out (25,000) (103,158) (52,238) (180,396) Total other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 Net change in fund balances 788,665 284,862 80,3	Legal and professional	67,632	4,812	5,083	77,527
Rent and utilities 27,640 15,588 22,998 66,226 Repairs and maintenance 14,143 28,050 2,045 44,238 Travel and training 3,093 6,854 13 9,960 Vehicle maintenance and repairs 162 3,802 3,964 Capital outlay 32,487 32,487 32,487 Total expenditures 576,589 1,888,575 85,168 2,550,332 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (577,103) 313,024 112,116 (151,963) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 72,000 72,000 Transfers out (25,000) (103,158) (52,238) (180,396) Total other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 Net change in fund balances 788,665 284,862 80,376 1,153,903 Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) 1,077,808 531,26	Office expenses	17,496	6,467	198	24,161
Repairs and maintenance 14,143 28,050 2,045 44,238 Travel and training 3,093 6,854 13 9,960 Vehicle maintenance and repairs 162 3,802 3,964 Capital outlay 32,487 32,487 32,487 Total expenditures 576,589 1,888,575 85,168 2,550,332 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (577,103) 313,024 112,116 (151,963) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 72,000 72,000 Transfers in 705,597 20,498 726,095 Transfers out (25,000) (103,158) (52,238) (180,396) Total other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 Net change in fund balances 788,665 284,862 80,376 1,153,903 Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) 1,077,808 531,267 <	Other expenses	1,681	8,122	250	10,053
Travel and training 3,093 6,854 13 9,960 Vehicle maintenance and repairs 162 3,802 3,964 Capital outlay 32,487 32,487 32,487 Total expenditures 576,589 1,888,575 85,168 2,550,332 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (577,103) 313,024 112,116 (151,963) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 72,000 72,000 72,000 Transfers in 705,597 20,498 726,095 Transfers out (25,000) (103,158) (52,238) (180,396) Total other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 Net change in fund balances 788,665 284,862 80,376 1,153,903 Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) 1,077,808 531,267 1,505,450 Prior period adjustments (7,449) (7,449)<	Rent and utilities	27,640	15,588	22,998	66,226
Vehicle maintenance and repairs 162 3,802 3,964 Capital outlay 32,487 32,487 32,487 Total expenditures 576,589 1,888,575 85,168 2,550,332 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (577,103) 313,024 112,116 (151,963) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 72,000 72,000 72,000 72,000 72,000 72,000 72,000 72,000 72,009 72,00	Repairs and maintenance	14,143	28,050	2,045	44,238
Capital outlay 32,487 32,487 Total expenditures 576,589 1,888,575 85,168 2,550,332 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (577,103) 313,024 112,116 (151,963) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 72,000 72,000 72,000 Transfers in 705,597 20,498 726,095 726,095 Transfers out (25,000) (103,158) (52,238) (180,396) Total other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 Net change in fund balances 788,665 284,862 80,376 1,153,903 Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) 1,077,808 531,267 1,505,450 Prior period adjustments (7,449) 7,449 7,449 7,449 Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) 1,077,808 531,267 1,498,001	Travel and training	3,093	6,854	13	9,960
Capital outlay 32,487 32,487 Total expenditures 576,589 1,888,575 85,168 2,550,332 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (577,103) 313,024 112,116 (151,963) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 72,000 72,000 72,000 Transfers in 705,597 20,498 726,095 726,095 (103,158) (52,238) (180,396) Total other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 Net change in fund balances 788,665 284,862 80,376 1,153,903 Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) 1,077,808 531,267 1,505,450 Prior period adjustments (7,449) 7,449 7,449 7,449 Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) 1,077,808 531,267 1,498,001	Vehicle maintenance and repairs		162	3,802	3,964
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (577,103) 313,024 112,116 (151,963) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 72,000 72,000 Transfers in 705,597 20,498 726,095 Transfers out (25,000) (103,158) (52,238) (180,396) Total other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 Net change in fund balances 788,665 284,862 80,376 1,153,903 Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) 1,077,808 531,267 1,505,450 Prior period adjustments (7,449) (7,449) (7,449) Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) 1,077,808 531,267 1,498,001	·		32,487		32,487
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 72,000 72,000 Transfers in 705,597 20,498 726,095 Transfers out (25,000) (103,158) (52,238) (180,396) Total other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 Net change in fund balances 788,665 284,862 80,376 1,153,903 Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) 1,077,808 531,267 1,505,450 Prior period adjustments (7,449) (7,449) Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) 1,077,808 531,267 1,498,001	Total expenditures	576,589	1,888,575	85,168	2,550,332
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 72,000 72,000 Transfers in 705,597 20,498 726,095 Transfers out (25,000) (103,158) (52,238) (180,396) Total other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 Net change in fund balances 788,665 284,862 80,376 1,153,903 Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) 1,077,808 531,267 1,505,450 Prior period adjustments (7,449) (7,449) (7,449) Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) 1,077,808 531,267 1,498,001	Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(577,103)	313,024	112,116	(151,963)
Transfers in Transfers out 705,597 (25,000) 20,498 (52,238) 726,095 (180,396) Total other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 (2,996) 688,167 Net change in fund balances 788,665 (284,862) 80,376 (1,153,903) 1,153,903 Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) (1,077,808) 531,267 (7,449) 1,505,450 Prior period adjustments (7,449) (111,074) (1,077,808) 531,267 (7,449) 1,498,001 Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) (111,074) (1,077,808) 531,267 (1,498,001) 1,498,001	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out (25,000) (103,158) (52,238) (180,396) Total other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 Net change in fund balances 788,665 284,862 80,376 1,153,903 Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) 1,077,808 531,267 1,505,450 Prior period adjustments (7,449) (7,449) (7,449) Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) 1,077,808 531,267 1,498,001	Proceeds from sale of capital assets		72,000		72,000
Transfers out (25,000) (103,158) (52,238) (180,396) Total other financing sources (uses) 680,597 (31,158) (31,740) 617,699 Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 Net change in fund balances 788,665 284,862 80,376 1,153,903 Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) 1,077,808 531,267 1,505,450 Prior period adjustments (7,449) (7,449) (7,449) Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) 1,077,808 531,267 1,498,001	Transfers in	705,597		20,498	726,095
Extraordinary Item: Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 Net change in fund balances 788,665 284,862 80,376 1,153,903 Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) 1,077,808 531,267 1,505,450 Prior period adjustments (7,449) (7,449) Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) 1,077,808 531,267 1,498,001	Transfers out	(25,000)	(103,158)	(52,238)	(180,396)
Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment 685,171 2,996 688,167 Net change in fund balances 788,665 284,862 80,376 1,153,903 Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) 1,077,808 531,267 1,505,450 Prior period adjustments (7,449) (7,449) (7,449) Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) 1,077,808 531,267 1,498,001	Total other financing sources (uses)	680,597	(31,158)	(31,740)	617,699
Net change in fund balances 788,665 284,862 80,376 1,153,903 Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) 1,077,808 531,267 1,505,450 Prior period adjustments (7,449) (7,449) (7,449) Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) 1,077,808 531,267 1,498,001	Extraordinary Item:				
Fund balances - July 1 (103,625) 1,077,808 531,267 1,505,450 Prior period adjustments (7,449) (7,449) Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) 1,077,808 531,267 1,498,001	Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment	685,171	2,996		688,167
Prior period adjustments (7,449) (7,449) Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) 1,077,808 531,267 1,498,001	Net change in fund balances	788,665	284,862	80,376	1,153,903
Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) 1,077,808 531,267 1,498,001	Fund balances - July 1	(103,625)	1,077,808	531,267	1,505,450
Fund balances - July 1, restated (111,074) 1,077,808 531,267 1,498,001	Prior period adjustments	(7,449)			(7,449)
Fund halances June 30	•		1,077,808	531,267	
The notes to hasic financial statements are an integral part of this statement	Fund balances - June 30	\$ 677,591	\$ 1,362,670	\$ 611,643	\$ 2,651,904

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,153,903
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which additions to capital	
outlay of \$32,487 is less than depreciation expense \$(116,485) in the period.	(83,998)
In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The	
difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss is:	(41,822)
In the statement of activities, postemployment benefits are measured by the amounts earned during the fiscal year. In governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts paid). This	
fiscal year, benefits used was more than the amounts earned by \$1,859.	(1,859)
In governmental funds, the repayments of the PERS side fund debt is reported as a retirement expense. In the government-wide statements, repayments are reported as a decrease in the long-term liabilities for the miscellaneous plan and amortization of the asset of the Safety plan. This fiscal year, the amortization of the Safety Plan's	
asset exceeded the decrease in the Miscellaneous Plan's liability by \$3,435.	 3,435
Changes in net position - governmental activities	\$ 1,029,659

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

ASSETS	Water Fund	Refuse Fund	Wastewater Treatment Project Fund	Totals
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,024,163	\$ 197,049	\$ 94,384	\$ 2,315,596
Accounts receivable, net	ψ 2,024,103 347,107	Ψ 137,043	Ψ 54,004	347,107
Inventory at cost	31,919			31,919
Total current assets	2,403,189	197,049	94,384	2,694,622
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	5,614,965		158,590	5,773,555
Total noncurrent assets	5,614,965		158,590	5,773,555
Total assets	8,018,154	197,049	252,974	8,468,177
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	379,284	2,829	9,302	391,415
Accrued liabilities	31,332			31,332
Accrued interest payable	52,268			52,268
Deposits payable	3,150	360		3,510
Compensated absences - current portion	12,305			12,305
Loan payables - current portion	142,654		39,700	182,354
Total current liabilities	620,993	3,189	49,002	673,184
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences	16,901			16,901
OPEB payable	12,244			12,244
Loans payable	3,970,241		239,303	4,209,544
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,999,386		239,303	4,238,689
Total liabilities	4,620,379	3,189	288,305	4,911,873
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	1,502,070		158,590	1,660,660
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,895,705	193,860	(193,921)	1,895,644
Total net position	\$ 3,397,775	\$ 193,860	\$ (35,331)	\$ 3,556,304

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Water Fund	Refuse Fund	Wastewater Treatment Project Fund	Totals
Operating Revenues:			~	
Utility	\$ 2,158,062	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,158,062
Franchise		45,432		45,432
Total operating revenues	2,158,062			2,203,494
Operating Expenses:				
Personnel	510,048			510,048
Clothing and uniforms	2,366			2,366
Contract services	53,853			53,853
Equipment and tools	27,125			27,125
Financial services	2,144		6,637	8,781
Insurance, licenses and regulatory fees	36,985		30	37,015
Legal and professional	131,999		60,301	192,300
Office expenses	42,251		20	42,271
Other expenses	12,765			12,765
Rent and utilities	115,744	1,680		117,424
Repairs and maintenance	54,008			54,008
Travel and training	903			903
Vehicle maintenance and repairs	16,136			16,136
Non-capitalized equipment	57,992			57,992
Depreciation	206,384			206,384
Total operating expenses	1,270,703	1,680	66,988	1,339,371
Operating income (loss)	887,359	43,752	(66,988)	864,123
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Property taxes and assessments	188,431		14,700	203,131
Investment income	815	283	8,486	9,584
Other non-operating revenue	3,400	1,963	26,839	32,202
Intergovernmental revenues	42,023	•	•	42,023
Proceeds from sale of franchise		2,800,000		2,800,000
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(190)	_,,		(190)
Interest expense	(138,549)			(138,549)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	95,930	2,802,246	50,025	2,948,201
Income (loss) before transfers and extraordinary items	983,289	2,845,998	(16,963)	3,812,324
Transfers in (out)	(892,758)	(2,867,320)	3,214,379	(545,699)
Extraordinary item	(552,1.00)	(2,000)	-11	(= :=,===)
Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment	47,079		(19,192,458)	(19,145,379)
Change in net position	137,610	(21,322)	(15,995,042)	(15,878,754)
et position - July 1	3,290,705	215,182	3,201,540	6,707,427
rior period adjustments	(30,540)	,	12,758,171	12,727,631
et position - July 1, restated	3,260,165	215,182	15,959,711	19,435,058
Parison wall it tooking	0,200,100	~ 10, 102	10,000,717	, 5, 100,000

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

					reatment		
	Water		Refuse		Project		
	Fund		Fund		Fund		Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	- I dild		Tuliu				
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,139,	053	\$ 50,851	\$	6,558	\$	2,196,462
Payments to suppliers	(520,		(366)	•	(91,473)	•	(612,321)
Payments to employees	(489,		(/		(,,		(489,603)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,128,		50,485		(84,915)		1,094,538
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:							
Acquisition of capital assets	(39,	730)					(39,730)
Principal paid on capital debt	(138,	432)					(138,432)
Interest paid on capital debt	(140,	308)					(140,308)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(318,	470)					(318,470)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:							
Transfers from (to) other funds	(482,	758)	(2,867,320)		2,804,379		(545,699)
Property taxes and assessments	193,	013			14,700		207,713
Intergovernmental revenues	42,	023					42,023
Proceeds from sale of franchise			2,800,000				2,800,000
Debt payment					(14,700)		(14,700)
Other revenue	3,	400	1,963		26,839		32,202
Settlement payment					(4,222,683)		(4,222,683)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(244,	322)	(65,357)		(1,391,465)		(1,701,144)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:							
Interest income	:	815	283		8,486		9,584
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		815	283		8,486		9,584
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	566,9	991 _	(14,589)		(1,467,894)		(915,492)
Cash and cash equivalents - July 1	1,457,	172	211,638		3,167,038		4,835,848
Prior period adjustments					(1,604,760)		(1,604,760)
Cash and cash equivalents - July 1, restated	1,457,	172	211,638		1,562,278		3,231,088
Cash and cash equivalents - June 30	\$ 2,024,1	163	197,049	\$	94,384	\$	2,315,596

Wastewater

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Water Fund	Refuse Fund	Tre	stewater eatment roject Fund	Totals	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	\$ 887,359	\$ 43,752	\$	(66,988)	\$	864,123
net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation expense Change in assets and liabilities:	206,384			•		206,384
Receivables, net Prepaid expense	(1,666) 6,329	5,419 280		6,558		10,311 6,609
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	27,460 15,073	2,829		(24,485)		5,804 15,073
Deposits OPEB payable	(17,343) 5,372	(1,795)				(19,138) 5,372
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,128,968	\$ 50,485	\$	(84,915)	\$	1,094,538

FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES June 30, 2014

	Agency
	Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 124,044
Cash with fiscal agent	1,512,372
Accrued property taxes receivable	25,424
Loan receivable from District	279,003
Total assets	\$ 1,940,843
LIABILITIES	
Due to bondholders	\$ 1,940,843
Total liabilities	\$ 1,940,843

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The Los Osos Community Services District (District), a political subdivision of the State of California, was formed on January 1, 1999, pursuant to Ballot Measure K-98 to provide services previously provided by San Luis Obispo County (the County) in specific benefits zones of what was formerly County Service Area 9. After formation, the District added solid waste services providing service to all properties in the District. It operates pursuant to Section 61000 of the California Government Code. It is currently authorized to provide Fire Protection, Water, Street Lighting, Drainage, Solid Waste, and Parks and Recreation Services. It is governed by a five-member Board of Directors with an operations staff headed by a general manager.

B. Chapter 9 Bankruptcy

The background, status, and impacts of the bankruptcy filing are discussed in the Note 12.

C. New Accounting Pronouncements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities." This Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The objective of this Statement is to establish accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. Implementation of the GASB Statement and the impact on the District's financial statements are explained in Note 13.

D. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories with each major fund displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or proprietary fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or proprietary fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.

All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds in a single column, regardless of their fund type.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund, more commonly referred to as the Administrative Fund, is the general operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all other activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The following are Special Revenue Funds:

301 - Fire Fund

200 - Bayridge (a subdivision where lighting and septic system maintenance are provided)

400 - Vista de Oro (a subdivision where lighting and septic system maintenance are provided)

800 - Drainage

900 - Parks and Recreation

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. <u>Basis of Presentation (Continued)</u>

Proprietary Funds

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Proprietary Funds are as follows:

500 - Water

600 – Wastewater Treatment Project Fund (This is for the aborted sewer system project; once the bankruptcy case is closed, this fund will function as a Debt Service Fund and may at that point be reclassified to the Governmental category.)

650 - Solid Waste or Refuse Fund

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are as follows:

The fiduciary fund is accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. The fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) a measurement of results of operations is not shown.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The District maintains one agency fund — Los Osos Community Services District Wastewater Assessment District No. 1.

Major Funds

The District reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the District's primary operating fund and is more commonly referred to as the Administrative Fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The fund provides for public administration, overall management, occupancy, computer systems, accounting, legal, consulting, communication, and insurance as it pertains to the District as a whole.

<u>Fire Fund</u> - This fund accounts for activities of Fire Station 15 - South Bay. The fire department provides fire suppression, emergency paramedic services, and fire prevention including public education. Services are provided through a contract with Cal Fire for the entire community. Reserve firefighters and administrative operational costs are paid by the District outside the Cal Fire contract.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Water Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the District's water distribution system. The water department is responsible for the operation and maintenance of five groundwater supply wells providing treatment, monitoring, and distribution services.

<u>Refuse Fund</u> - This fund provides trash cleanup and recycling services for the community through a franchise agreement with a private company.

<u>Wastewater Treatment Project Fund</u> - This fund originally accounted for projects relating to the District's wastewater treatment project. Since the wastewater treatment project was stopped, this fund now mainly reflects functions relative to bankruptcy proceedings and debt service on the aborted sewer project.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item "b" below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds are accounted for using a "current financial resources" measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. All proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and all liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with the operation of these funds are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The District defines available to be within 60 days of year-end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds for governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual include taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest, and charges for services. Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

Grant revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements are met. Under the terms of grant agreements, the District may fund certain programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position are available to finance program expenditures. The District's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

The District follows Statements and Interpretations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board and its predecessors that were issued on or before November 30, 1989, in accounting for its business-type activities, which do not conflict with GASB Pronouncements.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. <u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)</u>

The fiduciary fund is accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Because the fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) a measurement of results of operations is not shown.

F. Property Taxes

The County levies, bills, and collects property taxes and special assessments for the District. Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue in the fiscal year of levy, due to the adoption of the "alternate method of property tax distribution," known as the Teeter Plan, by the District and the County. The Teeter Plan authorizes the Auditor/Controller of the County to allocate 100% of the secured property taxes billed, excluding unitary tax (whether paid or unpaid). The County remits tax monies to the District every month and twice a month in December and April. The final amount which is "teetered" is remitted in August each year.

Tax collections are the responsibility of the County Tax Collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls, which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments; the first is due November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10; and the second is due on March 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do not constitute a lien against real property unless the tax becomes delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the County for late payment.

Property valuations are established by the Assessor of the County for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls. Under the provisions of Article XIIIA of the State Constitution, properties are assessed at 100% of purchase price or value in 1978 whichever is later. From this base assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of 2 percent. However, increases to full value are allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal property is excluded from these limitations, and is subject to annual reappraisal.

Tax levy dates are attached annually on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property, as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

G. Cash and Investments

The District pools the cash of all funds, except for monies deposited with fiscal agent in accordance with related bond indentures. The cash and investments balance in each fund represents that fund's equity share of the District's cash and investment pool.

Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated quarterly to the various funds based on monthend balances. Interest income on restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

The District's investments are carried at fair value. The fair value of equity and debt securities is determined based on sales prices or bid-and-asked quotations from Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registered securities exchanges or NASDAQ dealers. Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) determines the fair value of their portfolio quarterly and reports a factor to the District. Changes in fair value are allocated to each participating fund.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District has defined cash and cash equivalents to be change and petty cash funds, equity in the District's cash and investment pool, and restricted non-pooled investments with initial maturities of three months of less.

JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Accounts and Interest Receivable

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Receivables are recorded in the financial statements net of any allowance for doubtful accounts if applicable, and estimated refunds due. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities may include sales taxes, franchise taxes, grants, and other fees, if any. Business-type activities report utilities and franchise fees as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds may include revenue accruals such as franchise tax, grants, service charges and other similar intergovernmental revenues that are both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned and if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings comprise the majority of proprietary fund receivables. The fiduciary fund receivables primarily consist of tax assessments.

Prepaid Expenses and Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The cost is recorded as an expenditure/expense in the funds at the time individual inventory items are purchased rather than when consumed. This is then adjusted by physical inventory at year-end. Inventory in the enterprise funds consist principally of materials and supplies for utility operations.

Payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

J. Restricted Assets

Funds that are under the control of external parties are restricted.

K. Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations. The presentation and recording of governmental assets are described below.

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets with a historical cost of \$5,000 or more are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, if any, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets.

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the District has recorded all its public domain (infrastructure) capital assets on the government-wide statements.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings 40-50 years Improvements other than buildings 5-25 years Infrastructure 5-60 years Equipment and systems 5-30 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are capitalized when purchased.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Accumulated Compensated Absences

Compensated absences comprise unused vacation leave, sick leave, and compensatory time off, which are accrued as earned. Vacation can be accrued to a maximum of 40 days or 320 hours. Upon termination, all accumulated vacation hours up to 320 hours can be paid. Sick leave can be accrued up to 180 days or 1,440 hours. Only half of accumulated sick leave hours can be paid on termination to eligible employees. Employees become eligible for sick leave pay-off after completing five years of service. Payments will be based on the pay rate at the time of termination. The District's liability for the current and long-term portions of compensated absences is shown in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for both governmental funds and proprietary funds. Only proprietary funds reflect the long-term portion in the fund financials report, Statement of Net Position. The short-term portion is reflected for both governmental and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements. Computation was based on rates in effect as of the fiscal year-end.

M. <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term liabilities are presented for both governmental and proprietary fund types. In the fund financial statements, only the proprietary funds show long-term liabilities. Initial issue bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Amortization of bond premiums or discounts and deferred amounts on refunding are included in interest expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the period when the debt is issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Interfund Transactions

Following is a description of the three basic types of interfund transactions that can be made during the year and the related accounting policies:

- 1. <u>Interfund services provided and used</u> transactions for services rendered or facilities provided. These transactions are recorded as revenues in the receiving fund and expenditures in the disbursing fund.
- 2. <u>Reimbursements (expenditure transfers)</u> transactions to reimburse a fund for specific expenditures incurred for the benefit of another fund. These transactions are recorded as expenditures in the disbursing fund and a reduction of expenditures in the receiving fund.
- 3. <u>Transfers</u> all interfund transactions which allocate resources from one fund to another fund. These transactions are recorded as transfers in and out.

O. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

GASB Statement No. 63 requires that the difference between assets and the deferred outflows of resources and liabilities added to the deferred inflows of resources be reported as net position. Net position is classified as either net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted.

Net position that is *net investment in capital assets* consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding principal of related debt. *Restricted net position* is the portion of the net position that has external constraints placed on it by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments, or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. *Unrestricted net position* consists of net position that does not meet the definition of net investments in capital assets or restricted net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

O. Equity Classifications (Continued)

Fund Statements

The fund balances of the governmental funds are classified within the five categories under GASB Statement No. 54 as follows:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Directors) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.
- Assigned fund balance amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision-making or by a body or an official designated for that purpose. Residual funds in special revenue funds are classified under this category.
- Unassigned fund balance this represents residual fund balance in the General Fund that is not otherwise classified in the other categories. For other funds, this represents the excess of actual expenditures over the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for the specific purposes.

The District's Board of Directors adopted a resolution affirming compliance with GASB Statement No. 54 and also affirming that only the Board of Directors can create, change, or cancel Committed and Assigned fund balances.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by the unrestricted committed, assigned, and unassigned resources as they are needed.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, Restricted Fund Balance will be considered to have been spent first.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used, committed amounts should be reduced first, followed by Assigned amounts, and then Unassigned amounts.

P. General Budget Policies

The District requires that all funds adopt an annual budget. The annual budget is prepared by the General Manager and submitted to the District Board of Directors for adoption. A budget has been prepared for both the governmental funds and proprietary funds utilizing the modified accrual basis of accounting. All unencumbered appropriations in the budget lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Q. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Investments of the District are governed by the California Government Code and by the District's investment policy. The General Manager of the District acts as the District Finance Officer and Treasurer who is tasked to perform investment functions in accordance with the investment policy. The objectives of the policy are safety, liquidity, yield, and compliance with State and Federal laws and regulations.

Investments of the District as of June 30, 2014

The table below identifies the investment types the District has that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive, that addresses interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Percentage <u>Of Portfolio</u>	Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
Federal Agency Securities	Ň/A	None	None
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase and Reserve	·		
Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	15%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	N/A	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
State Registered Warrants, Notes or			
Bonds	N/A	None	None
Notes and Bonds for other Local			
California Agencies	5 years	None	None

The composition of cash and investments as of June 30, 2014, by fund type is as follows:

	A.	vailable for			
		Operations	Total		
General Fund	\$	700,663	\$ -	\$ 700,663	
Special Revenue Funds		1,641,050	356,378	1,997,428	
Proprietary Funds		2,315,596		2,315,596	
Fiduciary Funds			1,636,416	1,636,416	
	\$	4,657,309	\$ 1,992,794	\$ 6,650,103	

Classification

Cash and investments are classified in the financial statements as shown below, based on whether or not their use is restricted under the terms of the District's debt instruments or Agency's agreements:

Cash and investments	\$ 4,657,309
Cash and investments - restricted	356,378
Total cash and investments, statement of net position	5,013,687
Cash and investments, statement of fiduciary net position	124,044
Cash and investments with fiscal agents, statement of fiduciary net position	1,512,372
Total cash and investments	\$ 6,650,103

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Classification (Continued)

On June 30, 2014, the District had the following cash and investments on hand:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 1,877,026
Imprest funds	10,406
Bank time deposits	51,622
State investment pool	979,499
Money market	3,731,550
Total cash and investments	\$ 6,650,103

Disclosure Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment is, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District's interest rate risk is mitigated is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity as of June 30, 2014:

					Rem	aining Ma	aturity (ir	n Months))	
		Carrying		2 Months		13-24		25-60		re than
Investment Type	_	Amount		Or Less		Months		Months		Months
Bank time deposits	\$	51,622	\$	51,622	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
LAIF		979,499		979,499						
Money market		2,219,178	:	2,219,178						
Held by bond trustees:										
Money market		1,512,372		1,512,372						
	\$	4,762,671	\$ 4	4,762,671	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The District has no investments (including investments held by bond trustees) that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 for each investment type.

		Minimum	Ε	xempt								
	Carrying	Legal		From		Rating as of Fiscal		of Fiscal Y	Year End			
Investment Type	Amount	Rating	Dis	Disclosure		AAA		AAA Aa		Aa		lot Rated
Bank time deposits	\$ 51,622	N/A	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	51,622		
LAIF	979,499	N/A								979,499		
Moneymarket	2,219,178	N/A			2	,219,178						
Held by bond trustees:												
Money m arket	1,512,372				1	,512,372						
	\$ 4,762,671		\$		\$ 3	,731,550	\$	-	\$	1,031,121		

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. The District minimizes its credit risk by investing only in the safest types of securities or investments.

The biggest investment of the District is in money market funds, comprising seventy-eight percent (78%) of all investments. This is managed by the District's bank. This investment is indexed to earn ten basis points above that earned monthly by the State Investment Pool. These are collateralized up to 110% in compliance with State law with the collaterals held by a separate trustee bank.

The next major investment of the District, not considering those held by bond trustee, is investment in the State Investment Pool, more commonly known as LAIF. Investment in LAIF comprises fourteen percent (21%) of all invested funds. This fund is not registered with the Securities and State Commission as an investment company but is required to invest according to California State Code. The fund is under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California through the Local Investment Advisory Board that consists of five members as designated by statute. Market valuation is conducted quarterly by the State Treasurer's office. In addition, it also conducts a monthly fair market valuation of all securities held against carrying costs. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based on the District's pro-rata share of the fair value of the entire portfolio net of any amortized costs as provided by LAIF.

Investment of funds held by bond trustee is governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy. Current agreement of the District with bond trustee directs the trustee to invest in money market funds duly registered under the Federal Securities Act of 1933 and under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and having a rating by Standard and Poor's (S&P) of AAAm-G or AAAm or in any other investment acceptable to the bond insurer.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the District investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the government unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

The investment in the State Investment Pool is not required to be collateralized. The fair value of securities in the pool is based on quoted market prices. The State Treasurer's Office performs a monthly fair market valuation of all securities held against carrying costs. Reports of valuations and financial statements are available to participants on the State Treasurer's website.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, were as follows:

Interfund Transfers

Major Governmental Funds:	Ţ	ransfers In	Tr	ansfers Out
General	\$	705,597	\$	25,000
Fire				103,158
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:				
Bayridge				6,798
Vista de Oro		20,498		
Drainage				45,440
Proprietary Funds:				
Water				892,758
Refuse				2,867,320
Wastew ater Treatment Project		3,214,379		
	\$	3,940,474	\$	3,940,474
Due To/Due From				
Major Governmental Fund:		Due To		Due From
General	\$	1.517	\$	-
Nonmajor Governmental Fund:	*	.,017	Ψ	
Vista de Oro				1,517
	\$	1,517	\$	1,517
:			<u> </u>	

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental activities:

	E	Balance at							E	Balance at
	July 1, 2013		A	Additions	Retirements		Transfers		June 30, 2014	
Capital assets not being depreciated										
Land	\$	57,375	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57,375
Construction in progress		546,720					_	(546,720)		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	604,095	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(546,720)	\$	57,375
Capital assets being depreciated										
Buildings, structures, and improvements	\$	515,116	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	515,116
Infrastructure		237,756								237,756
Plant and equipment		1,144,226		32,487		257,218		546,720		1,466,215
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,897,098		32,487		257,218		546,720		2,219,087
Less accumulated depreciation										
Buildings, structures, and improvements		360,758		18,335						379,093
Infrastructure		209,422		9,789						219,211
Plant and equipment		934,342		88,361		215,396				807,307
Total accumulated depreciation		1,504,522		116,485		215,396				1,405,611
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	392,576	\$	(83,998)	\$	41,822	\$	546,720	\$	813,476
Net capital assets	\$	996,671	\$	(83,998)	\$	41,822	\$	546,720	\$	870,851

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions based on their usage of the related assets as follows:

Business-type activities:

	Balance at								Balance at
	July 1, 2013		Additions	Retire	ements		Transfers	Ju	ne 30, 2014
\$	•	\$	=	*	-	\$	-	\$	498,429
									390,567
<u>\$</u>	22,581,935	\$	374,917	\$22,0	67,856	\$		\$	888,996
\$	5,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,000
	8,571,773		6,801		400				8,578,174
	434,172								434,172
	9,010,945		6,801		400				9,017,346
	5,000								5,000
	3,530,519		196,299		210				3,726,608
	391,094		10,085						401,179
	3,926,613		206,384		210				4,132,787
\$	5,084,332	\$	(199,583)	\$	190	\$	-	\$	4,884,559
\$	27,666,267	\$	175,334	\$22,0	68,466	\$	-	\$	5,773,555
					7	Ó			
							•		
							9,769		
depre	eciation expen	se			= 9	<u> </u>	116,485		
					. \$		206,384		
						;	206,384		
	\$ \$	July 1, 2013 \$ 498,429 22,083,506 \$ 22,581,935 \$ 5,000 8,571,773 434,172 9,010,945 5,000 3,530,519 391,094 3,926,613 \$ 5,084,332 \$ 27,666,267	July 1, 2013 \$ 498,429 22,083,506 \$ 22,581,935 \$ 5,000 8,571,773 434,172 9,010,945 5,000 3,530,519 391,094 3,926,613 \$ 5,084,332 \$	July 1, 2013 Additions \$ 498,429 \$ - 22,083,506 374,917 \$ 22,581,935 \$ 374,917 \$ 5,000 \$ - 8,571,773 6,801 434,172 9,010,945 6,801 5,000 3,530,519 196,299 391,094 10,085 3,926,613 206,384 \$ 5,084,332 \$ (199,583) \$ 27,666,267 \$ 175,334	July 1, 2013 Additions Retire \$ 498,429 \$ - \$ 22,083,506 374,917 22,0 \$ 22,581,935 \$ 374,917 \$ 22,0 \$ 5,000 \$ - \$ 6,801 434,172 9,010,945 6,801 5,000 3,530,519 196,299 391,094 10,085 3,926,613 206,384 \$ 5,084,332 \$ (199,583) \$ 27,666,267 \$ 175,334 \$ 22,0	July 1, 2013 Additions Retirements \$ 498,429 \$ - \$ - \$ 22,083,506 374,917 22,067,856 \$ 22,581,935 \$ 374,917 \$ 22,067,856 \$ 5,000 \$ - \$ - 8,571,773 6,801 400 434,172 9,010,945 6,801 400 5,000 3,530,519 196,299 210 391,094 10,085 3,926,613 206,384 210 \$ 5,084,332 \$ (199,583) \$ 190 \$ 27,666,267 \$ 175,334 \$ 22,068,466	July 1, 2013 Additions Retirements \$ 498,429 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ \$ 22,083,506 374,917 \$22,067,856 \$ \$ 22,581,935 \$ 374,917 \$22,067,856 \$ \$ 5,000 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 8,571,773 6,801 400 434,172 9,010,945 6,801 400 5,000 3,530,519 196,299 210 391,094 10,085 210 \$ 5,084,332 \$ (199,583) \$ 190 \$ \$ 27,666,267 \$ 175,334 \$22,068,466 \$	July 1, 2013 Additions Retirements Transfers \$ 498,429 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 22,083,506 374,917 22,067,856 \$ - \$ 22,581,935 \$ 374,917 \$22,067,856 \$ - \$ 5,000 \$ - \$ - \$ - 8,571,773 6,801 400 400 5,000 3,530,519 196,299 210 391,094 10,085 3,926,613 206,384 210 \$ 5,084,332 \$ (199,583) \$ 190 \$ - \$ 27,666,267 \$ 175,334 \$22,068,466 \$ - \$ 8,368 98,328 99,789 depreciation expense \$ 116,485	July 1, 2013 Additions Retirements Transfers July 1, 2013 \$ 498,429 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ 22,083,506 374,917 22,067,856 \$ - \$ \$ 22,581,935 \$ 374,917 \$ 22,067,856 \$ - \$ \$ 5,000 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ 8,571,773 6,801 400 400 \$ 9,010,945 6,801 400 400 \$ 5,000 3,530,519 196,299 210 210 3,926,613 206,384 210 \$ 5,084,332 \$ (199,583) \$ 190 \$ - \$ \$ 27,666,267 \$ 175,334 \$ 22,068,466 \$ - \$ \$ \$ 8,368 98,328 9,789 9,789 **Hepreciation expense \$ 116,485 \$ 116,485

Construction in progress:

	alance at e 30, 2014
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 390,567
Total construction in progress	\$ 390,567

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in the District's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

	-	alance at ly 1, 2013	Ad	ditions	Re	ductions	A	Prior Period djustment	_	Balance at ne 30, 2014		Current Portion		ng Term Portion
Governmental Activities:	•	04.000			•		•			04.000	•	0.540	\$	24,766
Compensated Absences PERS Side Fund	\$	31,306 96,456	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- (96,456)	\$	31,306	\$	6,540	Φ	24,700
Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation		4,652		1,859	-			(90,430)		6,511				6,511
Total Governmental Activities	\$	132,414	\$	1,859	\$	-	\$	(96,456)	\$	37,817	\$	6,540	\$	31,277
Business-Type Activities:														
Compensated Absences	\$	29,206	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	29,206	\$	12,305	\$	16,901
Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation		6,872		5,372						12,244				12,244
Water Fund:														
Notes Payable	4	4,251,327				138,432				4,112,895		142,654	3	,970,241
Wastewater Treatment Project Fund:														
Notes Payable	6	3,486,144			6,	486,144								
Loan Payable to Fiduciary Fund						14,700		293,703		279,003		39,700		239,303
Improvement Bonds (US Bank Trustee)	14	4,820,000					(1	4,820,000)						
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 25	5,593,549	\$	5,372	\$6,	639,276	\$ (1	4,526,297)	\$	4,433,348	\$	194,659	\$ 4	,238,689

A description of the long-term liabilities related to governmental activities at June 30, 2014, follows:

A. Governmental Activities

At the time the District joined the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) Risk Pool, a side fund was required to be created to account for the difference between the funded status of the pool and the funded status of the District's plan, in addition to the existing plans unfunded liability. The side fund will be credited, on an annual basis, with the actuarial investment return assumption which was 7.75% prior to July 1, 2012 and 7.5% after that date. A side fund asset or liability will cause the District required PERS employer contribution rate to be decreased or increased by the amortization of the side fund. The side fund asset for the District's plan as of June 30, 2014, was \$34,177. Other Pension Obligation Benefits are discussed in Note 9.

B. Business-Type Activities

California State Resources Control Board

On August 8, 2005, the District entered into an agreement with the California State Resources Control Board to finance the construction of the wastewater treatment project. The initial award of the contract amounted to \$134,761,390; however, principal amounts received to the point when the project was stopped totaled only \$6,486,144. Installment payments, together with all interest accruing thereon, were to be repaid in annual installments at a rate of 2.3%. Interest on this loan is not accrued in the books because this loan and any interest thereon is part of the bankruptcy proceedings. Total simple interest to June 30, 2013, would have been \$915,674. With the approval of the United States Bankruptcy Court on October 9, 2013, the District does not have to pay the interest amount listed above nor pay the principal amount of \$6,486,144. See Note 12 – Contingencies and Commitments for further details.

California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank

On December 6, 2004, the District entered into a loan agreement with the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (CIEDB) for a principal amount of \$5 million for the purpose of constructing and upgrading water delivery facilities. The loan is for a term of thirty years ending in August 2034 with an interest rate of 3.05% per annum. Annual payments average \$278,000 per year including interest. Debt service payments are due in August and February each year. Water revenues were pledged to guarantee the loan. All projects covered by the loan were completed and closed out in January 2009. The outstanding principal balance of the loan at June 30, 2014, was \$4,112,895.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

California	Infractructure	and Economic	Development Bank	,
	initasituciure	and reconomic	Development bank	í.

For the Year				Annual ministrative	
Ending June 30		Principal	 Interest	 Fee	 Total
2015	\$	142,654	\$ 123,268	\$ 12,339	\$ 278,261
2016		147,005	118,851	11,911	277,767
2017		151,486	114,298	11,470	277,254
2018		156,109	109,607	11,015	276,731
2019		160,871	104,773	10,547	276,191
2020-2024		881,014	446,039	45,193	1,372,246
2025-2029		1,023,819	301,058	31,148	1,356,025
2030-2034		1,189,770	132,574	14,825	1,337,169
2035	•	260,167	 3,968	 782	 264,917
Total	_\$_	4,112,895	\$ 1,454,436	\$ 149,230	\$ 5,716,561

Loan Payable to Fiduciary Fund

The District used \$714,268 bond reserve funds on September 1, 2006, to cover amounts the District had spent from the bond redemption funds. As part of the bankruptcy settlement, the District is to pay back the reserve fund with its bond administration fee plus \$25,000 annually. As of June 30, 2014, the District owed \$279,003. See Note 13 – Contingencies and Commitments for further details.

NOTE 6 - OPERATING LEASES

The District has commitments to lease certain office equipment and facilities. The District leases its administrative facilities for \$2,000 a month. The lease was extended by two years to April 30, 2016, under the same terms. The District leases a copier at \$375 a month. This lease is renewable annually at the District's option in September each year.

NOTE 7 - FIDUCIARY BONDED DEBT - NON DISTRICT DEBT

Wastewater Improvement Bonds

On November 7, 2002, the District, acting as a trustee for the Los Osos Community Services District Wastewater Assessment District No. 1 property owners, issued \$17,990,000 of limited obligation improvement bonds to (i) finance the construction of a wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal facility referred to as the "Wastewater Treatment Project" benefiting properties located within the District's boundaries and is referred to as the District's Wastewater Assessment District No. 1 (the "Assessment District"), (ii) to fund a reserve fund for the bonds, (iii) to fund capitalized interest on the bonds until September 2, 2003, and (iv) to pay costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds were issued at a discount of \$4,091 and issuance costs were \$782,707. Principal is payable on September 2 each year through September 2033, beginning in 2004. Interest on the bonds is payable on September 2 and March 2 of each year through September 2033, beginning March 2, 2003. Interest rates on the bond vary between 1.8 and 4.0 percent. The bonds are secured by assessments against the properties within the Assessment District and are further secured by the monies in the redemption fund and the Reserve Fund created pursuant to the assessment proceedings. Los Osos Community Services District is not liable to advance any funds from the District Treasury to cover any deficiency in the Bond Redemption Fund. The outstanding principal balance of the bonds at June 30, 2014, was \$14,405,000.

NOTE 7 - FIDUCIARY BONDED DEBT (Continued)

Wastewater Improvement Bonds (Continued)

W	/aste	water Improvem	ent E	Bonds		
For the Year						
Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total
2015	\$	435,000	\$	709,375	\$	1,144,375
2016		455,000		687,125		1,142,125
2017		480,000		663,750		1,143,750
2018		505,000		639,125		1,144,125
2019		530,000		613,250		1,143,250
2020-2024		3,075,000		2,630,625		5,705,625
2025-2029		3,920,000		1,760,500		5,680,500
2030-2034		5,005,000		650,125		5,655,125
Total	\$	14,405,000	\$	8,353,875	_\$	22,758,875

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District's pension plan is a defined benefits plan and is administered by the California Public Employees Retirement System (CALPERS). CALPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for the participating public entities within the State of California. Member agencies total over 3,000, representing about 1.6 million public sector employees. These defined benefit plans provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Copies of CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

The District's plan is part of the Miscellaneous 2% at 55 Risk Pool, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefits plan. Risk pools were created in 2006 pursuant to legislation and required mandatory participation of small employers to help reduce large fluctuations in their contribution rates. As an employer with less than 100 active members, the District was required to participate in the risk pool. Under this pooling method, assets and liabilities of the participant employers are aggregated. As such, individual employer's retirement data is not available.

Funding Policy

Participating employees are required to contribute seven percent (7%) of their annual covered salary. However, under the Memorandum of Understanding between the District and its employees, the District agreed to pick up 4.84% leaving 2.16% for the employees to contribute. The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate calculated as a percentage of covered payrolls. The employer contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was 13.256%.

Annual Pension Cost

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the District paid to CALPERS a total of \$83,354 for its regular contribution of 13.256% for miscellaneous employees. It should be noted that required contributions rates are projected by CALPERS using actuarial valuations done two fiscal years before the effective date. Hence, for the fiscal year 2013-14, the contribution rate of 13.256% percent was projected using actuarial valuation done at June 30, 2011.

The assumptions used to determine required contributions in 2013-14 remained the same as in the prior year. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected annual salary increases from 3.30% to 14.20% depending on age, service, and type of employment, (c) 2.75% inflation rate, and (d) 3.00% payroll growth. The actuarial value of CALPERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a fifteen-year period (smoothed market value). The CALPERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. CALPERS has combined the prior service unfunded liability and current service unfunded liability into a single initial unfunded liability.

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Three-Year Trend Information for CALPERS

 Fiscal Year	Annual	Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension 0	Obligation
2012	\$	62,981	100%	\$	-
2013	\$	63,558	100%	\$	_
2014	\$	83,574	100%	\$	-

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Other post employment benefits (OPEB) reflects the share of the District of the medical premium as required in the agreement with CALPERS to provide health benefits to active and retired employees. Currently, the required employer's share is \$115 per month. It should be noted that if an employee ceases to participate in the CALPERS medical program, this benefit also terminates.

GASB Statement No. 45, a statement issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, fully implementable in fiscal year 2009-10 required that the employer's liability for these benefits be estimated, recorded, or disclosed.

For the District, this liability was estimated using the Alternative Measurement Method which essentially avoids the hiring of an actuary to do the computation. District's staff performed the computation to estimate this liability. As with any actuarial computations, there were a number of assumptions used. One of the key assumptions is that only 40% of retiring employees who are eligible for Medicare benefits will be able to afford the CALPERS supplemental medical program and will then have no other post employment benefits. This assumption is based on employee demographics. This liability as of June 30, 2014, is estimated to be \$38,332. Of this amount, only \$18,755 has been recorded in the books. This liability would be \$95,830 if 40% participation is not assumed.

Another assumption made is that employees will work up to the time they become eligible for Medicare benefits. Again, this assumption is based on employee demographics. There are currently two employees who retired before this age. Their OPEB is funded on a pay as you go basis and funded through the annual budget.

Funding

Ideally this OPEB liability is funded annually and invested separately from other District funds or even transferred to a trust manager that will be responsible for investing and paying out these funds. The estimated liability however is not that material and therefore can be managed easily by the District.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, property loss and damage, errors and omissions, and employee injury. The District carries all its insurance coverage over these risks and also for Workers' Compensation through the Special Districts Risk Management Authority (SDRMA). This agency is a Joint Powers Authority (JPA) consisting of special districts in the State of California. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors. All seven are elected at large from the membership to serve four year terms. It has about 478 public agencies participating in the Property/Liability program and 404 agencies in its Workers' Compensation program. SDRMA's audit report for the fiscal year 2013-14 shows it had Net Assets of about \$53 million.

The District has never incurred any uninsured losses since its inception.

NOTE 11 - SOLID WASTE FRANCHISE SALE

In the bankruptcy case settlement agreement, the court approved the sale of Los Osos Community Services District's Solid Waste Franchise Agreement to San Luis Obispo County in the amount of \$2,800,000. This amount was required to be used pursuant to the settlement agreement in order to pay the settlements as described in Note 12 — Contingencies and Commitments for further details.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Bankruptcy Case Litigation

On August 8, 2011, the Bankruptcy Court entered an Order Confirming the LOCSD Debt Adjustment Plan (the Plan). The Plan as confirmed resolved all the claims under the jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court which included \$12,181,504.95 in unsecured creditor claims. The Bankruptcy Court's order approving the Plan was appealed by the District's major creditor on August 22, 2011. This appeal was decided by the United States District Court on the District's favor on April 2, 2012, upholding the decision of the Bankruptcy Court to approve the Plan. Shortly afterward, on May 8, 2012, this decision was again appealed by the major creditor to the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. That appeal had a hearing on October 15, 2013, there was an Order Granting Motion for Order Approving the Second Amended Plan for Adjustment of Debts for the Los Osos Community Services District dated October 22, 2010, as further Amended by Non Material Modifications Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. Sections 942, 943 and 945. The confirmed Plan provided \$4,994,711.65 to satisfy the claims of the unsecured creditors (approximately \$11,395,505) or forty-one percent (41%) pro rata share. The sources of these funds were:

- Remaining State Revolving Fund Loan related to the prior Wastewater Treatment Project (approximately \$1.7 million as of September 10, 2010, the filing date of the Debt Adjustment Plan). As of December 31, 2013, the balance was \$1,394,711.65; and
- Solid Waste Franchise Fee totaling \$27,971; and
- \$2.8 million from San Luis Obispo County; in exchange for the transfer of the Solid Waste Franchise Agreement San Luis Obispo County; and
- Asset transfer of \$772,029 from San Luis Obispo County for sewer pipes that had value left from the original \$22,067,856 in Construction in Progress.

Under the Amended Plan the District will not pay the claim for the Regional Water Quality Control Board for fines it assessed against the District for failure to complete the construction of a community sewer system by August 30, 2004. This was levied against the District from an Administrative Civil Liability Order. This claim was subordinated and conditioned: 1) Plan approval; 2) County proceeds with the wastewater project; c) District provides a draft water conservation plan. All three conditions were met. The claim by the State Water Resources Control Board arises from a loan the Board made to the District to build the former wastewater project. With the approval of the Amended Plan and the County financing the current Wastewater Treatment Facility with State Revolving Funds, the Control Board will not receive a distribution.

The Amended Plan as stipulated to by all the parties resolves all the lawsuits and claims arising from the District's former Wastewater Project. On December 23, 2013, the District received funding from the County of San Luis Obispo to assist with prorated payment amounts due to the general unsecured Class 8 creditors. On February 7, 2014, the District made payments to the same Class 8 creditors totaling \$4,994,711.65. The Notice of Motion and Motion for Order Closing Case was filed on March 19, 2014. There were no objections filed with respect to the Motion. On April 3, 2014, Judge Robin L. Riblet entered an Order Closing Chapter 9 Case. The settlements payments and the release of former liabilities and assets resulted in the extraordinary gain or loss from debt restructuring of \$680,171 in the General Fund, \$2,996 in the Fire Fund, \$47,079 in the Water Fund and (\$19,185,763) in the Wastewater Treatment Project Fund.

Commitment to Pay into the 2002 Bond Reserve

On September 2, 2006, the District used \$714,268 of fiduciary fund bond reserves for the Wastewater Project. As part of the Amended Bankruptcy Plan, the Class 5 Secured Claim of MBIA Insurance Corp. arose out of the bonds that were issued by LOCSD Wastewater Assessment District No. 1 to fund part of the Wastewater Project (Old Project).

MBIA was the insurer of those bonds. As stated above the District used bond reserves for District purposes. The District has committed to pay at least \$25,000 per year. This amount plus any investment income earned by all funds held by the bond trustee will be used to bring the reserve account to its required level of \$1,158,500.

Note: In FY 2014/2015 the District in cooperation with US Bank conducted a full audit of this fund from its inception through June 30, 2015. After making the payments for FY 2013/2014, FY 2014/2015 and processing all payments currently held by the LOCSD for prior years, the Reserve balance as of June 30, 2015 is \$861,166. As of June 30, 2015, \$296,834 is still needed to restore the reserve to its required level. For FY 2015/2016 the LOCSD Board authorized a \$12 per parcel administrative charge be included on the San Luis Obispo Tax Rolls as allowed by the bond documents. Consistent with the bankruptcy order these funds are to be used to pay the MBIA claim by making the payments annually to US Bank to restore the fund in the Improvement Bond Reserve.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Other Commitments

In September 2007, the District entered into an Interlocutory Stipulated Judgment (ISJ) with three other water purveyors in the community. The judgment was intended to provide a coordinated effort of all parties to manage the water basin by first preparing a comprehensive plan to address deficiencies that threaten the long-term viability of the water basin. The judgment provided for an equitable sharing of costs. The District's share is thirty nine percent (39%). The District is current on this commitment which is funded in its annual budget. The District has two court dates schedule in FY 2015/2016 for resolution of the ISJ.

NOTE 13 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

A prior period adjustment of (\$7,449) was made which affects the governmental activities and the General Fund to remove an old account receivable balance that was likely already collected in prior years.

A prior period adjustment of \$127,198 was made, in the governmental activities. In prior years, the District did not record the PERS side fund asset for the Safety employees.

A prior period adjustment in the business-type activities of (\$532,314) was made in the proprietary funds statements and the business-type activities to remove unamortized bond issuance costs in accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65. The adjustment was (\$30,540) in the Water Fund and (\$501,774) in the Wastewater Treatment Project Fund.

A prior period adjustment of \$13,259,945 was made in the business-type activities and the Wastewater Treatment Project Fund to remove the 2002 Wastewater Improvement Bond and all of its related cash, assets and liabilities from the business-type activities. Los Osos Community Services District is not liable to advance any funds from the District Treasury to cover any deficiency in the Bond Redemption Fund and therefore the Bond debt is not a debt of the Los Osos Community Services District.



GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budget			ounts			riance with
		Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	ive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	17,620	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Intergovernmental						(656)	(656)
Service charges and fees						110	110
Administrative charges		658,587					
Other	•					32	 . 32
Total revenues		676,207	-			(514)	 (514)
Expenditures:							
Personnel	•	325,675		311,835		320,191	(8,356)
Contract services		53,320		61,150		70,891	(9,741)
Financial services				100		8,248	(8,148)
Insurance, licenses and regulatory fees		50,580		46,590		45,574	1,016
Legal and professional		103,400		91,900		67,632	24,268
Office expenses		14,100		15,380		17,496	(2,116)
Other expenses		1,500		1,300		1,681	(381)
Rent and utilities		28,550		28,550		27,640	910
Repairs and maintenance		50		200		14,143	(13,943)
Travel and training		11,700		6,250		3,093	3,157
Capital outlay				14,517			14,517
Total expenditures		588,875		577,772		576,589	1,183
Excess of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		87,332		(577,772)	•	(577,103)	 669
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in				705,597		705,597	
Transfers out				(25,000)		(25,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			No. 17 Table 19	680,597	•	680,597	
Extraordinary Item:							
Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment						685,171	685,171
Net change in fund balance		87,332		102,825		788,665	 685,840
Fund balance - July 1		(103,625)		(103,625)		(103,625)	
Prior period adjustment		(()	•	(7,449)	(7,449)
Fund balance - July 1, restated		(103,625)		(103,625)		(111,074)	 (7,449)
Fund balance - June 30	\$	(16,293)	\$	(800)	\$	677,591	\$ 678,391

FIRE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

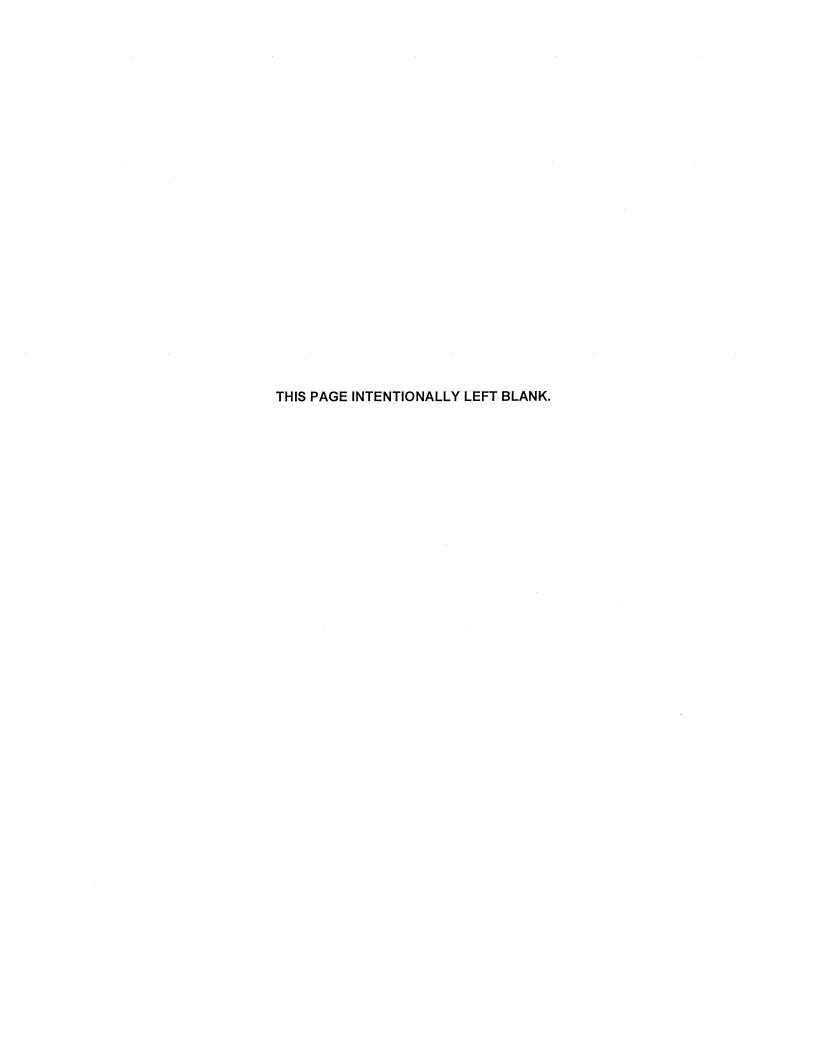
		Budget	ed Amo	unts				riance with nal Budget
		Original		Final	Act	tual Amounts		ve (Negative)
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	1,548,060	\$	1,575,925	\$	1,625,572	\$	49,647
Special taxes and assessments		521,410		521,410		488,606		(32,804)
Intergovernmental		4,500		8,000		7,549		(451)
Public services fees		64,890		65,818		66,031		213
Use of money and property				240		1,231		991
Other		10,000		83,135		12,610		(70,525)
Total revenues		2,148,860		2,254,528		2,201,599		(52,929)
Expenditures:								
Personnel		140,035		134,945		87,465		47,480
Clothing and uniforms		3,800		3,000		3,371		(371)
Contract services		1,651,999		1,653,199		1,630,890		22,309
Equipment and tools		42,794		38,699		35,867		2,832
Financial services		·		5,140		5,040		100
Insurance, licenses and regulatory fees		22,500		25,380		23,400		1,980
Legal and professional		1,400		3,460		4,812		(1,352)
Office expenses		7,750		7,606		6,467		1,139
Other expenses		7,540		8,250		8,122		128
Rent and utilities		17,600		18,700		15,588		3,112
Repairs and maintenance		11,300		10,650		28,050		(17,400)
Travel and training		5,600		4,800		6,854		(2,054)
Vehicle maintenance and repairs		0,000		1,000		162		(162)
Capital outlay				41,072		32,487		8,585
Total expenditures		1,912,318		1,954,901		1,888,575		66,326
Excess of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	·····	236,542		299,627		313,024		13,397
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets						72,000		72,000
Transfers out		(107,443)		(103,158)		(103,158)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(107,443)		(103,158)		(31,158)		72,000
Extraordinary Item:								
Gain (loss) from debt restructuring adjustment						2,996		2,996
Net change in fund balance		129,099		196,469		284,862		88,393
Fund balance - July 1		1,077,808		1,077,808		1,077,808		
Fund balance - June 30	\$	1,206,907	\$	1,274,277	\$	1,362,670	\$	88,393

LOS OSOS COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

The following table provides required supplementary information regarding the District's postemployment healthcare benefits.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Lia	arial Accrued bility (AAL) intry Age (a)	٧	ctuarial 'alue of Assets (b)	Infunded Liability (UAAL) (a-b)	Funded Status (b/a)	***************************************	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of payroll ([a-b]/c)
6/30/2012	\$	31,100	\$	-	\$ 31,100	0%	\$	597,721	5.2%
6/30/2013	\$	31,100	\$	-	\$ 31,100	0%	\$	563,216	5.5%
6/30/2014	\$	38,332	\$	-	\$ 38,332	0%	\$	604,619	6.3%





NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2014

ASSETS	B	ayridge	v	ista de Oro)rainage	arks and ecreation	Total
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$	29,499	\$	19,160	\$ 262,806	\$ 209 304,756	\$ 311,674 304,756
Total assets	\$	29,499	\$	19,160	\$ 262,806	\$ 304,965	\$ 616,430
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	913	\$	256 1,517	\$ 2,101	\$ -	\$ 3,270 1,517
Total liabilities		913		1,773	 2,101	 	4,787
Fund Balances:							
Restricted	-	28,586		17,387	 260,705	 304,965	 611,643
Total fund balances	•	28,586	•	17,387	 260,705	 304,965	 611,643
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	29,499	\$	19,160	\$ 262,806	\$ 304,965	\$ 616,430

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Bayridge		Vista de Oro		Drainage		Parks and Recreation		 Total	
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	7,412	\$	-	\$	18,310	\$	-	25,722	
Special taxes and assessments						97,681			97,681	
Service charges and fees		56,331		16,531					72,862	
Use of money and property						60		733	793	
Other			***************************************		***************************************	226			 226	
Total revenues		63,743		16,531		116,277	-	733	 197,284	
Expenditures:										
Personnel		11,364		12,674		17,771			41,809	
Contract services		165		265					430	
Equipment and tools		111		111		236			458	
Insurance, licenses and regulatory fees		1,230		988		5,864			8,082	
Legal and professional		1,250		200		3,633			5,083	
Office expenses		30		30		138			198	
Other expenses						250			250	
Rent and utilities		13,623		6,985		2,390			22,998	
Repairs and maintenance		626		49		1,370			2,045	
Travel and training						13			13	
Vehicle maintenance and repairs		1,152		576		2,074			3,802	
Capital outlay									 	
Total expenditures		29,551		21,878		33,739			85,168	
Excess of revenues over										
(under) expenditures		34,192		(5,347)		82,538	***************************************	733	 112,116	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in				20,498					20,498	
Transfers out		(6,798)				(45,440)			 (52,238)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,798)		20,498		(45,440)			(31,740)	
Net change in fund balance		27,394		15,151		37,098		733	80,376	
Fund balances - July 1		1,192		2,236		223,607		304,232	 531,267	
Fund balances - June 30	\$	28,586	\$	17,387	\$	260,705	\$	304,965	\$ 611,643	